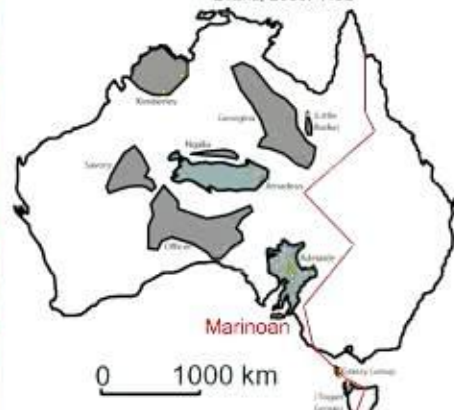


Evans, 2000. *AJS*



after Sohl, Christie-Blick, and Kent, 2000.
GSA Bulletin

South Australia's Adelaide Depocenter and modern Flinders Ranges

1
00:00:10,100 --> 00:00:05,599
well good morning or afternoon everyone

2
00:00:13,759 --> 00:00:10,110
as the case may be thank you for joining

3
00:00:17,560 --> 00:00:13,769
us for this month's director seminar the

4
00:00:21,230 --> 00:00:17,570
topic for today's seminar sort of a rose

5
00:00:25,130 --> 00:00:21,240
as a result of a recent publication by

6
00:00:30,290 --> 00:00:25,140
members of a couple of nai teams both

7
00:00:33,139 --> 00:00:30,300
the kennel sins alumni team and Vicky

8
00:00:36,020 --> 00:00:33,149
Meadows alumni team on work done on

9
00:00:37,760 --> 00:00:36,030
snowball earth and particularly on the

10
00:00:38,959 --> 00:00:37,770
role that snowball earth may have played

11
00:00:42,410 --> 00:00:38,969
in the development of oxygen and

12
00:00:45,470 --> 00:00:42,420
photosynthesis and in talking about this

13
00:00:48,709 --> 00:00:45,480

we thought that having perhaps an even

14

00:00:52,340 --> 00:00:48,719

broader talk about the new and emerging

15

00:00:55,939 --> 00:00:52,350

perspectives on snowball earth would be

16

00:00:58,910 --> 00:00:55,949

a an interesting topic and fortunately

17

00:01:00,830 --> 00:00:58,920

we have somebody who's been spending a

18

00:01:05,750 --> 00:01:00,840

great deal of time doing that kind of

19

00:01:08,960 --> 00:01:05,760

work to present this to us Tim rob

20

00:01:12,050 --> 00:01:08,970

worked as both an undergraduate and

21

00:01:16,190 --> 00:01:12,060

master's candidate at Caltech with Joker

22

00:01:18,440 --> 00:01:16,200

shrink on snowball earth topics and has

23

00:01:20,929 --> 00:01:18,450

continued to do so I might note

24

00:01:24,890 --> 00:01:20,939

ironically that snowball earth is one of

25

00:01:28,940 --> 00:01:24,900

the hot topics in astrobiology tim is

26

00:01:31,069 --> 00:01:28,950

now finishing his PhD at Yale studying

27

00:01:36,080 --> 00:01:31,079

Earth's history and paleo magnetism of

28

00:01:38,149 --> 00:01:36,090

the EDF Aaron period and he is going to

29

00:01:39,920 --> 00:01:38,159

be talking with us about new and

30

00:01:43,039 --> 00:01:39,930

emerging perspectives on late

31

00:01:47,240 --> 00:01:43,049

precambrian snowball earth glaciation so

32

00:01:49,480 --> 00:01:47,250

Tim I will turn it over to you thanks

33

00:01:56,710 --> 00:01:52,160

central to the idea I think many

34

00:01:59,180 --> 00:01:56,720

astrobiologists is that perfectly normal

35

00:02:01,790 --> 00:01:59,190

uniformitarian geological processes

36

00:02:05,450 --> 00:02:01,800

Earth's system processes can produce

37

00:02:07,490 --> 00:02:05,460

seemingly non uniformitarian outcomes on

38

00:02:09,609 --> 00:02:07,500

a world where boundary conditions are

39

00:02:13,580 --> 00:02:09,619

sufficiently different from those today

40

00:02:15,830 --> 00:02:13,590

so keeping that idea in mind I want to

41

00:02:17,980 --> 00:02:15,840

talk about I want to review several

42

00:02:20,630 --> 00:02:17,990

recently published an ongoing studies

43

00:02:23,449 --> 00:02:20,640

probing links between Earth's deep geo

44

00:02:25,880 --> 00:02:23,459

dynamics its surface rock and ocean

45

00:02:28,070 --> 00:02:25,890

geochemical record and its atmospheric

46

00:02:33,350 --> 00:02:28,080

chemistry especially through precambrian

47

00:02:35,000 --> 00:02:33,360

time in light of its glacial record the

48

00:02:38,720 --> 00:02:35,010

classic idea that snowball earth is

49

00:02:43,460 --> 00:02:38,730

familiar to all of us in which if a

50

00:02:46,480 --> 00:02:43,470

mysterious forcing mechanism lowers the

51
00:02:49,160 --> 00:02:46,490
greenhouse effect presumably by

52
00:02:51,260 --> 00:02:49,170
decreasing either the effect or the

53
00:02:54,620 --> 00:02:51,270
concentration of greenhouse gases such

54
00:02:57,020 --> 00:02:54,630
as carbon dioxide and ice encroaches on

55
00:02:59,570 --> 00:02:57,030
the oceans to some threshold latitude at

56
00:03:02,509 --> 00:02:59,580
some point it will run away here in a

57
00:03:06,440 --> 00:03:02,519
classic one dimensional energy balance

58
00:03:09,350 --> 00:03:06,450
model leading to a snowball earth total

59
00:03:12,110 --> 00:03:09,360
ice cover scenario the greenhouse

60
00:03:15,650 --> 00:03:12,120
returned above the ice-covered oceans

61
00:03:18,620 --> 00:03:15,660
will eventually overcome the albedo

62
00:03:20,750 --> 00:03:18,630
cooling effect and the catastrophic

63
00:03:23,870 --> 00:03:20,760

return to the ice free state is presumed

64

00:03:26,330 --> 00:03:23,880

to be quick and dramatic for more

65

00:03:28,340 --> 00:03:26,340

sophisticated models rapier embarr and

66

00:03:32,390 --> 00:03:28,350

colleagues in chicago have been among

67

00:03:34,400 --> 00:03:32,400

many GCM modelers who are concerned the

68

00:03:36,110 --> 00:03:34,410

problem recently and introducing ever

69

00:03:38,630 --> 00:03:36,120

more sophisticated ice dynamic

70

00:03:41,690 --> 00:03:38,640

considerations tends to make it both

71

00:03:44,120 --> 00:03:41,700

easier to enter a hard a total snowball

72

00:03:47,990 --> 00:03:44,130

earth and also possibly harder to leave

73

00:03:51,470 --> 00:03:48,000

it but anyway so the idea is is familiar

74

00:03:53,690 --> 00:03:51,480

to many of us and exists for purposes of

75

00:03:55,850 --> 00:03:53,700

this talk and no more sophisticated a

76
00:03:58,970 --> 00:03:55,860
sense than the classical one dimensional

77
00:04:01,160 --> 00:03:58,980
energy balance model what I want to

78
00:04:01,760 --> 00:04:01,170
examine is the idea of snowball earth

79
00:04:06,170 --> 00:04:01,770
and

80
00:04:09,110 --> 00:04:06,180
is one of three possibilities either the

81
00:04:10,730 --> 00:04:09,120
very same glacial process that we see in

82
00:04:13,100 --> 00:04:10,740
the PI replace the scene record the

83
00:04:15,590 --> 00:04:13,110
Permian record the Ordovician glacial

84
00:04:17,750 --> 00:04:15,600
record but on a world with different

85
00:04:22,130 --> 00:04:17,760
boundary conditions as an entirely

86
00:04:25,160 --> 00:04:22,140
distinct glacial climate mode responsive

87
00:04:28,400 --> 00:04:25,170
the earth system some unknown forcing or

88
00:04:30,620 --> 00:04:28,410

as a continuum as boundary conditions

89

00:04:32,480 --> 00:04:30,630

change there's a whole range from hard

90

00:04:35,780 --> 00:04:32,490

snowballs in the very early precambrian

91

00:04:38,510 --> 00:04:35,790

to modern glaciations and we simply see

92

00:04:40,760 --> 00:04:38,520

a very broad gradual response or its

93

00:04:43,610 --> 00:04:40,770

climate system through time david evans

94

00:04:45,380 --> 00:04:43,620

formulated this view by telling up all

95

00:04:47,450 --> 00:04:45,390

the pay to latitude estimates either

96

00:04:50,900 --> 00:04:47,460

derived directly from the sedimentary

97

00:04:54,170 --> 00:04:50,910

record as for the Cenozoic glacial

98

00:04:57,220 --> 00:04:54,180

record here through the lens of

99

00:05:01,700 --> 00:04:57,230

paleomagnetism for the Paleozoic

100

00:05:03,320 --> 00:05:01,710

glaciations where two different extents

101

00:05:05,420 --> 00:05:03,330

we have confidence and Paley geographic

102

00:05:07,820 --> 00:05:05,430

reconstructions and through the Paley

103

00:05:09,590 --> 00:05:07,830

magnetic record of a rather limited data

104

00:05:11,990 --> 00:05:09,600

set for the neoproterozoic and

105

00:05:14,420 --> 00:05:12,000

paleoproterozoic glaciations were at

106

00:05:17,780 --> 00:05:14,430

least two highly robust paleo magnetic

107

00:05:20,090 --> 00:05:17,790

signals indicated low paler latitude for

108

00:05:22,040 --> 00:05:20,100

glacial deposits and a complete absence

109

00:05:24,170 --> 00:05:22,050

of hype a little attitude in the

110

00:05:27,190 --> 00:05:24,180

Precambrian time as opposed to just the

111

00:05:29,300 --> 00:05:27,200

opposite situation for the phanerozoic

112

00:05:32,120 --> 00:05:29,310

another way of looking at this and

113

00:05:33,890 --> 00:05:32,130

framing what I said in terms of our span

114

00:05:36,860 --> 00:05:33,900

of possible ways of looking at pre

115

00:05:40,190 --> 00:05:36,870

Cameron glaciation is this time space

116

00:05:42,940 --> 00:05:40,200

plot and I'm trying to superimpose three

117

00:05:45,920 --> 00:05:42,950

different things here one is the

118

00:05:48,190 --> 00:05:45,930

Continental configuration the paley

119

00:05:51,820 --> 00:05:48,200

Geographic style so what I've done is

120

00:05:53,330 --> 00:05:51,830

estimated in yellow the surface area of

121

00:05:55,310 --> 00:05:53,340

supercontinents that leaves the

122

00:05:57,320 --> 00:05:55,320

supercontinents that I think most

123

00:05:59,570 --> 00:05:57,330

precambrian geologists would say have a

124

00:06:03,200 --> 00:05:59,580

good chance of having existed for at

125

00:06:05,659 --> 00:06:03,210

minimum the duration in jion's indicated

126
00:06:08,300 --> 00:06:05,669
on the x axis and then taking the square

127
00:06:10,210 --> 00:06:08,310
root in kilometers of that surface area

128
00:06:12,410 --> 00:06:10,220
for each supercontinent counter land

129
00:06:15,560 --> 00:06:12,420
oldest nuna road

130
00:06:18,670 --> 00:06:15,570
Gondwanaland pangea converted the square

131
00:06:20,870 --> 00:06:18,680
root distance scale to a degree

132
00:06:22,690 --> 00:06:20,880
characteristic length scale centered on

133
00:06:25,160 --> 00:06:22,700
the equator so that taller

134
00:06:28,970 --> 00:06:25,170
supercontinents are essentially larger

135
00:06:31,610 --> 00:06:28,980
supercontinents and we also see rough

136
00:06:34,030 --> 00:06:31,620
estimates of the time intervals over

137
00:06:36,860 --> 00:06:34,040
which super content amalgamation &

138
00:06:39,110 --> 00:06:36,870

orogenesis dominated in blue leading

139

00:06:41,300 --> 00:06:39,120

into supercontinents and super

140

00:06:44,660 --> 00:06:41,310

continental drift and dispersal dragon

141

00:06:48,590 --> 00:06:44,670

you define it jian could you defend jian

142

00:06:51,350 --> 00:06:48,600

please yeah yeah jian is a convenient

143

00:06:53,950 --> 00:06:51,360

word that we can use to talk about a

144

00:06:57,170 --> 00:06:53,960

given 100 million years of Earth history

145

00:06:58,850 --> 00:06:57,180

it's simpler than a precambrian

146

00:07:02,840 --> 00:06:58,860

specialist being able to throw around

147

00:07:05,720 --> 00:07:02,850

dates like 23 16 plus or minus seven we

148

00:07:08,360 --> 00:07:05,730

can talk about jian five events and we

149

00:07:11,180 --> 00:07:08,370

mean anything from 500 million years 2

150

00:07:14,510 --> 00:07:11,190

599 million years so here the

151

00:07:16,580 --> 00:07:14,520

phanerozoic gee l'm 0 to mid gm5

152

00:07:19,520 --> 00:07:16,590

involves Gondwanaland building into

153

00:07:22,280 --> 00:07:19,530

Pangaea whereas the paleoproterozoic saw

154

00:07:25,070 --> 00:07:22,290

the growth of the supercontinent nuna

155

00:07:27,380 --> 00:07:25,080

and really it's not clear whether nuna

156

00:07:29,570 --> 00:07:27,390

ever decayed to nothing or whether it

157

00:07:31,970 --> 00:07:29,580

simply continued to grow into the

158

00:07:35,660 --> 00:07:31,980

supercontinent rovenia which famously

159

00:07:38,600 --> 00:07:35,670

fragmented amid many at least five

160

00:07:44,630 --> 00:07:38,610

distinctly dated now neyo kerzo glacial

161

00:07:46,670 --> 00:07:44,640

deposits so the question again is are we

162

00:07:49,250 --> 00:07:46,680

seeing two distinct lay shal modes where

163

00:07:51,560 --> 00:07:49,260

all pre-cambrian glaciations denard at

164

00:07:55,010 --> 00:07:51,570

minimum by the icicles hanging from 90

165

00:07:56,960 --> 00:07:55,020

degrees at the pole down to some not

166

00:08:01,250 --> 00:07:56,970

necessarily quantitative estimate of

167

00:08:02,570 --> 00:08:01,260

their maximum equator word extent are

168

00:08:05,330 --> 00:08:02,580

these fundamentally different

169

00:08:07,130 --> 00:08:05,340

precambrian time a snowball mode versus

170

00:08:09,620 --> 00:08:07,140

phanerozoic time where they rarely

171

00:08:12,830 --> 00:08:09,630

encroach on the continents greater than

172

00:08:16,070 --> 00:08:12,840

about 40 degrees paleo latitude or are

173

00:08:18,490 --> 00:08:16,080

we seeing a shift whereas life evolves

174

00:08:21,500 --> 00:08:18,500

ever more complexity as the Sun becomes

175

00:08:25,159 --> 00:08:21,510

brighter and hotter as the atmosphere

176

00:08:30,379 --> 00:08:25,169

changes we see a gradual decrease

177

00:08:32,420 --> 00:08:30,389

through time okay the last part of the

178

00:08:36,409 --> 00:08:32,430

introductory information to keep in mind

179

00:08:38,230 --> 00:08:36,419

is the Hoffman and schrag formulate or

180

00:08:40,850 --> 00:08:38,240

enunciated version of a snowball

181

00:08:42,649 --> 00:08:40,860

hypothesis in which the entry into the

182

00:08:44,720 --> 00:08:42,659

snowball is catastrophic driven by

183

00:08:47,090 --> 00:08:44,730

unknown processes but but again

184

00:08:49,790 --> 00:08:47,100

presumably involving sudden drop in co2

185

00:08:53,840 --> 00:08:49,800

leading the catastrophic reverse or

186

00:08:56,150 --> 00:08:53,850

rather positive ice albedo feedback and

187

00:08:58,129 --> 00:08:56,160

then it takes some long duration of time

188

00:09:01,579 --> 00:08:58,139

for volcanic outgassing to build up

189

00:09:03,290 --> 00:09:01,589

enough greenhouse forcing to reverse the

190

00:09:06,680 --> 00:09:03,300

ice albedo run away which happens

191

00:09:08,870 --> 00:09:06,690

equally catastrophic Lee point is that

192

00:09:11,150 --> 00:09:08,880

during a snowball earth the earth is

193

00:09:13,970 --> 00:09:11,160

cold and this happens for a long time at

194

00:09:15,590 --> 00:09:13,980

the end you're hot and the transition

195

00:09:17,629 --> 00:09:15,600

between cold and hot house worlds is

196

00:09:20,350 --> 00:09:17,639

very quick this is simple and everyone

197

00:09:24,259 --> 00:09:20,360

is generally familiar with these ideas

198

00:09:28,189 --> 00:09:24,269

what might lead to the catastrophic drop

199

00:09:31,790 --> 00:09:28,199

in co2 pavlov at all astrobiology team

200

00:09:34,189 --> 00:09:31,800

members note in 2001 that presumably if

201
00:09:36,410 --> 00:09:34,199
the early Archaean atmosphere were

202
00:09:38,930 --> 00:09:36,420
dominated by methane greenhouse gases to

203
00:09:42,380 --> 00:09:38,940
compensate for the faint young Sun then

204
00:09:44,480 --> 00:09:42,390
any introduction of oxygen oxy atmo

205
00:09:48,800 --> 00:09:44,490
version so to speak into the atmosphere

206
00:09:51,710 --> 00:09:48,810
would lower the residence time of

207
00:09:53,449 --> 00:09:51,720
methane and over some period of time

208
00:09:57,800 --> 00:09:53,459
perhaps hundreds of millions of years

209
00:10:01,610 --> 00:09:57,810
the earth would have to readjust its

210
00:10:03,710 --> 00:10:01,620
fundamental greenhouse gas concentration

211
00:10:06,319 --> 00:10:03,720
response and so this might lead to the

212
00:10:09,470 --> 00:10:06,329
paleoproterozoic or qian glaciations

213
00:10:11,630 --> 00:10:09,480

this idea has been seized upon and

214

00:10:15,079 --> 00:10:11,640

elaborated by many astrobiology team

215

00:10:17,720 --> 00:10:15,089

members principally it's worth

216

00:10:19,939 --> 00:10:17,730

mentioning Andre Becker and also the

217

00:10:22,550 --> 00:10:19,949

Caltech group Kirsch Frank Bob cop Isaac

218

00:10:24,980 --> 00:10:22,560

hilburn and colleagues Eric it's also at

219

00:10:26,360 --> 00:10:24,990

university of hawaii now was involved in

220

00:10:28,519 --> 00:10:26,370

this and the best-preserved

221

00:10:30,949 --> 00:10:28,529

paleoproterozoic glacial deposit is

222

00:10:33,050 --> 00:10:30,959

arguably in south africa where the

223

00:10:36,500 --> 00:10:33,060

McEnaney dynamic tight unconformably

224

00:10:37,830 --> 00:10:36,510

over lies roughly 2.4 although there are

225

00:10:40,080 --> 00:10:37,840

new dates coming out

226

00:10:42,330 --> 00:10:40,090

2.3 billion year old sedimentary

227

00:10:44,880 --> 00:10:42,340

successions and inner fingers with

228

00:10:47,910 --> 00:10:44,890

volcanic that have a very robust paleo

229

00:10:49,890 --> 00:10:47,920

magnetic signal indicating their deposit

230

00:10:52,260 --> 00:10:49,900

11 plus or minus five degrees paleo

231

00:10:55,950 --> 00:10:52,270

latitude immediately above the volcanic

232

00:10:58,350 --> 00:10:55,960

their reworked volcanic clasts deposits

233

00:11:00,660 --> 00:10:58,360

drop stones in the iron-rich sedimentary

234

00:11:02,970 --> 00:11:00,670

strata which become banded iron and

235

00:11:05,030 --> 00:11:02,980

manganese formations leading into a

236

00:11:08,190 --> 00:11:05,040

platform of carbonate succession of

237

00:11:09,990 --> 00:11:08,200

perhaps 2300 although there are new

238

00:11:11,670 --> 00:11:10,000

Detroit Newark on ages of closer to

239

00:11:14,310 --> 00:11:11,680

twenty two hundred million years for the

240

00:11:15,960 --> 00:11:14,320

top of the succession and really the

241

00:11:20,010 --> 00:11:15,970

principal feature that the Caltech group

242

00:11:21,990 --> 00:11:20,020

has his focused analysis on has been the

243

00:11:24,540 --> 00:11:22,000

banat iron manganese formations as shown

244

00:11:28,830 --> 00:11:24,550

in scision mama tuan mines here from the

245

00:11:30,900 --> 00:11:28,840

kalahari province the idea is that the

246

00:11:32,580 --> 00:11:30,910

manganese especially requires option

247

00:11:34,410 --> 00:11:32,590

something will return to a minute but

248

00:11:36,840 --> 00:11:34,420

broadly speaking was very consistent

249

00:11:38,640 --> 00:11:36,850

with the with the general trend of mass

250

00:11:40,920 --> 00:11:38,650

independent sulfur fractionation

251

00:11:43,530 --> 00:11:40,930

elaborate by james farr car and many

252

00:11:47,820 --> 00:11:43,540

colleagues including Shuhei oh no now of

253

00:11:52,980 --> 00:11:47,830

MIT and most recently yesterday papineau

254

00:11:56,430 --> 00:11:52,990

it all from the Colorado National Mei

255

00:11:57,750 --> 00:11:56,440

group went to the groaning succession

256

00:11:59,340 --> 00:11:57,760

essentially have pulled out a very

257

00:12:02,100 --> 00:11:59,350

similar story in which there's a

258

00:12:04,260 --> 00:12:02,110

dramatic departure from varied Matt's

259

00:12:09,690 --> 00:12:04,270

independent isotope fractionation values

260

00:12:15,000 --> 00:12:09,700

to the expected oxygenic zero

261

00:12:16,700 --> 00:12:15,010

essentially cap 33 at approximately the

262

00:12:19,470 --> 00:12:16,710

time and about the location

263

00:12:21,690 --> 00:12:19,480

stratigraphically of the McEnaney

264

00:12:25,230 --> 00:12:21,700

dynamic tight or it's presumed global

265

00:12:27,120 --> 00:12:25,240

correlative glaciations the final

266

00:12:29,640 --> 00:12:27,130

classical evidence for oxygenation

267

00:12:34,280 --> 00:12:29,650

accompanying the paleoproterozoic first

268

00:12:37,620 --> 00:12:34,290

major pre kamran glaciation is the

269

00:12:39,120 --> 00:12:37,630

appearance of these giant banner

270

00:12:40,920 --> 00:12:39,130

informations immediately after the

271

00:12:44,190 --> 00:12:40,930

glacial deposit and then the

272

00:12:45,120 --> 00:12:44,200

disappearance shortly after during the

273

00:12:47,450 --> 00:12:45,130

the paley

274

00:12:49,800 --> 00:12:47,460

purrs OH Akande mesoproterozoic eras

275

00:12:52,110 --> 00:12:49,810

curiously the banded iron formations

276

00:12:54,060 --> 00:12:52,120

reappear in the near perocho but only in

277

00:12:56,220 --> 00:12:54,070

successions intimately associated with

278

00:12:58,110 --> 00:12:56,230

glacial deposits themselves here for

279

00:13:00,170 --> 00:12:58,120

instance there's a rafted carbonate drop

280

00:13:02,550 --> 00:13:00,180

stone the Mackenzie mountains of Canada

281

00:13:04,290 --> 00:13:02,560

deforming Banquette I information is the

282

00:13:08,580 --> 00:13:04,300

rabbit and formation in the New York or

283

00:13:11,400 --> 00:13:08,590

zone the question though is oxygen

284

00:13:13,260 --> 00:13:11,410

required somehow associated with both

285

00:13:16,590 --> 00:13:13,270

these near Purrs oak and Paleozoic

286

00:13:18,300 --> 00:13:16,600

glaciations to produce the the banded

287

00:13:21,690 --> 00:13:18,310

iron formations of course there are many

288

00:13:25,520 --> 00:13:21,700

accidents on an electron ladder here for

289

00:13:27,510 --> 00:13:25,530

example is the guy dose at all 1999

290

00:13:30,170 --> 00:13:27,520

electrochemical laddered approximately

291

00:13:33,090 --> 00:13:30,180

neutral pH where you can see that

292

00:13:35,160 --> 00:13:33,100

species like uranium which have actually

293

00:13:37,050 --> 00:13:35,170

relatively negative Pease here could be

294

00:13:40,050 --> 00:13:37,060

oxidized if they're simply coupled

295

00:13:42,090 --> 00:13:40,060

biochemically to iron reduction on the

296

00:13:46,760 --> 00:13:42,100

other hand Kirsten Corral and comp at

297

00:13:49,470 --> 00:13:46,770

all recently have noted that manganese

298

00:13:51,540 --> 00:13:49,480

oxidation rather formation of manganese

299

00:13:53,760 --> 00:13:51,550

oxide such as in the manganese banded

300

00:13:57,000 --> 00:13:53,770

iron deposits and manganese deposits on

301
00:14:01,220 --> 00:13:57,010
the kalahari crate l'm must be coupled

302
00:14:04,290 --> 00:14:01,230
either to nitrate reduction or

303
00:14:06,810 --> 00:14:04,300
essentially presence free oxygen since

304
00:14:09,360 --> 00:14:06,820
nitrate to be present presumably

305
00:14:11,940 --> 00:14:09,370
requires the presence oxygen this is the

306
00:14:13,560 --> 00:14:11,950
strongest direct consideration for

307
00:14:15,870 --> 00:14:13,570
presence of molecular action a

308
00:14:18,840 --> 00:14:15,880
quantitative levels in the Paleozoic

309
00:14:23,520 --> 00:14:18,850
atmosphere associated with McEnaney

310
00:14:25,080 --> 00:14:23,530
glacial dynamic tide rises so let's keep

311
00:14:27,060 --> 00:14:25,090
keep holding on to this idea that

312
00:14:28,980 --> 00:14:27,070
paleoproterozoic glacial is especially

313
00:14:31,410 --> 00:14:28,990

in south africa at about twenty two

314

00:14:33,150 --> 00:14:31,420

hundred million years seemingly require

315

00:14:35,460 --> 00:14:33,160

presence of free oxygen in the

316

00:14:38,910 --> 00:14:35,470

atmosphere in order to produce banded

317

00:14:41,370 --> 00:14:38,920

manganese deposits recall the character

318

00:14:44,090 --> 00:14:41,380

of a glacial glaciation during its life

319

00:14:48,030 --> 00:14:44,100

span is cold and dry and presumably

320

00:14:50,850 --> 00:14:48,040

leads to ever lower relative quantities

321

00:14:55,280 --> 00:14:50,860

of oxygen in the atmosphere since to

322

00:14:58,440 --> 00:14:55,290

some extent at least you expect to be

323

00:15:01,370 --> 00:14:58,450

impeding both synthetic production

324

00:15:05,550 --> 00:15:01,380

action if it even exists to begin with

325

00:15:07,680 --> 00:15:05,560

and also burial of carbon and and build

326

00:15:11,850 --> 00:15:07,690

up a reduced species if they're exposed

327

00:15:14,700 --> 00:15:11,860

periodically in small open ocean pockets

328

00:15:17,280 --> 00:15:14,710

will likewise very attend to bury oxygen

329

00:15:19,080 --> 00:15:17,290

rather than produce it so there's a cold

330

00:15:21,720 --> 00:15:19,090

dry low oxygen environment expected

331

00:15:24,210 --> 00:15:21,730

during glaciation and recently Danny

332

00:15:26,850 --> 00:15:24,220

Lane and colleagues of Caltech is Carl

333

00:15:30,630 --> 00:15:26,860

furnace introduction have noted a novel

334

00:15:34,250 --> 00:15:30,640

mechanism not a novel mechanism in

335

00:15:37,020 --> 00:15:34,260

insofar as it's been studied many

336

00:15:39,420 --> 00:15:37,030

extraterrestrial analogs on Mars for

337

00:15:41,790 --> 00:15:39,430

instance on Europa and also on the

338

00:15:45,710 --> 00:15:41,800

Greenland ice sheets which is that

339

00:15:48,780 --> 00:15:45,720

photolysis of water in cold dry and

340

00:15:52,530 --> 00:15:48,790

low-oxygen environments produces

341

00:15:54,510 --> 00:15:52,540

hydrogen peroxide hydrogen peroxide has

342

00:15:56,880 --> 00:15:54,520

a freezing point very close to that of

343

00:16:01,740 --> 00:15:56,890

ice and so if its present in sufficient

344

00:16:05,730 --> 00:16:01,750

quantities that it can rain out and be

345

00:16:08,040 --> 00:16:05,740

buried in ice before it is in turn full

346

00:16:11,760 --> 00:16:08,050

totalized in the hydroxyl radicals or

347

00:16:13,590 --> 00:16:11,770

else recombined with free hydrogen to

348

00:16:16,230 --> 00:16:13,600

form water vapor in the atmosphere then

349

00:16:18,630 --> 00:16:16,240

you can preserve a very strong oxidant

350

00:16:20,310 --> 00:16:18,640

for geological timescales and ice which

351

00:16:23,520 --> 00:16:20,320

might then melt away at the end of

352

00:16:25,590 --> 00:16:23,530

snowball earth glaciation this process

353

00:16:28,920 --> 00:16:25,600

happens today is observable in for

354

00:16:30,630 --> 00:16:28,930

instance Antarctic ice cores here many

355

00:16:32,880 --> 00:16:30,640

authors have noted that there is a

356

00:16:35,940 --> 00:16:32,890

historical increase in the concentration

357

00:16:39,590 --> 00:16:35,950

of ozone in South Pole Antarctic ice

358

00:16:42,210 --> 00:16:39,600

cores presumably related to low ozone

359

00:16:44,010 --> 00:16:42,220

relaying the ozone hole allowing greater

360

00:16:46,290 --> 00:16:44,020

penetration of ultraviolet light which

361

00:16:49,230 --> 00:16:46,300

permits the fatalis which enhances the

362

00:16:51,660 --> 00:16:49,240

fatalis asst of the water and likewise

363

00:16:54,000 --> 00:16:51,670

there's a there's a seasonal cycle you

364

00:16:57,000 --> 00:16:54,010

can see the scale bars here at shallow l

365

00:16:59,540 --> 00:16:57,010

score deaths are different up to 200

366

00:17:02,640 --> 00:16:59,550

than the scales at deep drill hole decks

367

00:17:05,430 --> 00:17:02,650

reflecting this presumably anthropogenic

368

00:17:08,699 --> 00:17:05,440

increase in the peroxide concentration

369

00:17:11,910 --> 00:17:08,709

ice and during melting of ice sheets

370

00:17:12,360 --> 00:17:11,920

during the summer much of this peroxide

371

00:17:17,850 --> 00:17:12,370

is really

372

00:17:20,460 --> 00:17:17,860

east into the ocean laying and

373

00:17:24,480 --> 00:17:20,470

colleagues considered a one-dimensional

374

00:17:27,660 --> 00:17:24,490

model of an archaean atmosphere to start

375

00:17:30,150 --> 00:17:27,670

with only containing hydrogen molecular

376

00:17:32,670 --> 00:17:30,160

hydrogen and nitrogen but receiving

377

00:17:34,860 --> 00:17:32,680

constant input of carbon dioxide from

378

00:17:37,110 --> 00:17:34,870

volcanic outgassing and they let that

379

00:17:39,750 --> 00:17:37,120

evolve solving for mass continuity

380

00:17:41,940 --> 00:17:39,760

equations for ten to thirty million

381

00:17:44,850 --> 00:17:41,950

years here's one standard result which

382

00:17:48,150 --> 00:17:44,860

they produce simulating the snowball for

383

00:17:50,340 --> 00:17:48,160

about 30 million years they build up

384

00:17:52,919 --> 00:17:50,350

hydrogen peroxide to a mixing ratio of

385

00:17:55,169 --> 00:17:52,929

10 to the minus 10 consider ly more than

386

00:17:56,430 --> 00:17:55,179

today at close to the surface of the

387

00:17:58,350 --> 00:17:56,440

earth because the characteristic

388

00:18:00,870 --> 00:17:58,360

diffusion scale for hydrogen peroxide is

389

00:18:03,090 --> 00:18:00,880

approximately one kilometer in today's

390

00:18:06,380 --> 00:18:03,100

atmosphere before it becomes hydrolyzed

391

00:18:08,910 --> 00:18:06,390

photo lized rather by ultraviolet light

392

00:18:11,549 --> 00:18:08,920

you have to build up the concentration

393

00:18:13,860 --> 00:18:11,559

not merely at altitude but within a

394

00:18:15,060 --> 00:18:13,870

kilometer or even closer preferably to

395

00:18:16,770 --> 00:18:15,070

the Earth's surface in order to be

396

00:18:23,190 --> 00:18:16,780

buried on any ice that might be present

397

00:18:25,110 --> 00:18:23,200

as in this model sensitivity analyses of

398

00:18:26,970 --> 00:18:25,120

laying it all suggested that the

399

00:18:30,720 --> 00:18:26,980

peroxide deposition rate will increase

400

00:18:33,299 --> 00:18:30,730

with ever greater hydrogen escape to

401

00:18:35,010 --> 00:18:33,309

space which might be modulated by things

402

00:18:39,570 --> 00:18:35,020

like geomagnetic field strength and

403

00:18:41,460 --> 00:18:39,580

other atmospheric conditions depressed

404

00:18:43,950 --> 00:18:41,470

hydrologic cycle in other words the more

405

00:18:45,660 --> 00:18:43,960

active the water cycle the less peroxide

406

00:18:49,080 --> 00:18:45,670

will tend to be buried depress

407

00:18:50,970 --> 00:18:49,090

temperature so the colder it is the more

408

00:18:53,160 --> 00:18:50,980

peroxide will be buried and of course

409

00:18:56,669 --> 00:18:53,170

depletion of stratospheric ozone is in

410

00:19:00,660 --> 00:18:56,679

the modern case in Antarctica so given

411

00:19:02,280 --> 00:19:00,670

the order of magnitude variations with

412

00:19:04,500 --> 00:19:02,290

that sensitivity analysis it's

413

00:19:07,070 --> 00:19:04,510

nonetheless certainly conceivable in a

414

00:19:10,799 --> 00:19:07,080

tens of millions of year hard snowball

415

00:19:12,660 --> 00:19:10,809

not necessarily an impossible thing by

416

00:19:15,990 --> 00:19:12,670

the simple energy balance or the

417

00:19:18,410 --> 00:19:16,000

advanced GCMs as we talked about early

418

00:19:21,360 --> 00:19:18,420

in the talked here to produce up to

419

00:19:22,890 --> 00:19:21,370

point 1 the whole atmosphere worth of

420

00:19:24,780 --> 00:19:22,900

oxygen equivalent hydrogen peroxide

421

00:19:25,250 --> 00:19:24,790

which would be released and turned into

422

00:19:29,630 --> 00:19:25,260

action

423

00:19:32,810 --> 00:19:29,640

at the end of a snowball glaciation the

424

00:19:34,910 --> 00:19:32,820

scenario that laying it all hypothesize

425

00:19:37,730 --> 00:19:34,920

them for implications is something like

426

00:19:39,980 --> 00:19:37,740

this suppose the earliest pre-cambrian

427

00:19:42,230 --> 00:19:39,990

glaciation such as the pongal in South

428

00:19:45,040 --> 00:19:42,240

Africa without any firm paleo magnetic

429

00:19:49,130 --> 00:19:45,050

evidence for low or high paleo latitude

430

00:19:50,660 --> 00:19:49,140

but it seems to be probably unique at

431

00:19:54,530 --> 00:19:50,670

least in the kray times that preserve

432

00:19:57,290 --> 00:19:54,540

rocks that age and also possibly the

433

00:19:59,690 --> 00:19:57,300

earlier of the huronian hurwitz no we

434

00:20:01,520 --> 00:19:59,700

passed supergroup glaciations in the

435

00:20:04,610 --> 00:20:01,530

paleoproterozoic that do not have

436

00:20:07,550 --> 00:20:04,620

evidence for low paleo latitude so they

437

00:20:10,550 --> 00:20:07,560

also might not be true whole snowball

438

00:20:12,110 --> 00:20:10,560

earth glaciations these might've just

439

00:20:14,600 --> 00:20:12,120

like the modern Antarctic scenario

440

00:20:16,670 --> 00:20:14,610

produce some hydrogen peroxide and a

441

00:20:22,940 --> 00:20:16,680

methane atmosphere dominated our key

442

00:20:25,310 --> 00:20:22,950

into early paleozoic earth this would be

443

00:20:26,840 --> 00:20:25,320

the first strong oxidant which would

444

00:20:30,050 --> 00:20:26,850

exert some sort of selection pressure

445

00:20:34,280 --> 00:20:30,060

conceivably driving evolution of enzymes

446

00:20:36,290 --> 00:20:34,290

that have to be present to deal with

447

00:20:39,200 --> 00:20:36,300

peroxide is a natural biochemical

448

00:20:42,260 --> 00:20:39,210

product of reactions such as oxygenic

449

00:20:46,010 --> 00:20:42,270

photosynthesis or mutation of enzymes

450

00:20:48,380 --> 00:20:46,020

involved in that mutation proteins

451
00:20:50,450 --> 00:20:48,390
involved that oxygen of photosynthesis

452
00:20:52,280 --> 00:20:50,460
could be exempted only once you Duvall

453
00:20:56,720 --> 00:20:52,290
these things such as manganese catalase

454
00:20:58,370 --> 00:20:56,730
or superoxide dismutase and then an

455
00:21:01,810 --> 00:20:58,380
atmospheric methane reservoir could

456
00:21:04,160 --> 00:21:01,820
crash suddenly on the time scale genetic

457
00:21:07,450 --> 00:21:04,170
population of the earth essentially in

458
00:21:09,710 --> 00:21:07,460
bacteria as opposed to the the photo

459
00:21:11,450 --> 00:21:09,720
atmospheric chemical x killed hundreds

460
00:21:14,360 --> 00:21:11,460
of millions years initially proposed by

461
00:21:16,610 --> 00:21:14,370
Pavlov and others this would trigger a

462
00:21:18,590 --> 00:21:16,620
paleozoic snowball in the classical

463
00:21:20,290 --> 00:21:18,600

sense of you've suddenly lowered the

464

00:21:23,300 --> 00:21:20,300

greenhouse forcing of the earth is

465

00:21:25,610 --> 00:21:23,310

dependent upon producing lots of

466

00:21:27,080 --> 00:21:25,620

peroxide in the ensuing multi millions

467

00:21:29,660 --> 00:21:27,090

of years or tens of millions of years

468

00:21:31,490 --> 00:21:29,670

snowball earth helping precipitate the

469

00:21:34,040 --> 00:21:31,500

kalahari manganese eventually at the end

470

00:21:36,380 --> 00:21:34,050

so you don't just need oxygen is

471

00:21:38,760 --> 00:21:36,390

previously supposed peroxide is

472

00:21:41,400 --> 00:21:38,770

certainly also very capable accident

473

00:21:47,430 --> 00:21:41,410

of even generally positive eh species

474

00:21:49,530 --> 00:21:47,440

like manganese and curiously perhaps

475

00:21:52,620 --> 00:21:49,540

overcoming the night the nitrate

476

00:21:54,150 --> 00:21:52,630

limitation paradox to axiom aversion

477

00:21:55,680 --> 00:21:54,160

that's been enunciated by fenelon

478

00:21:58,410 --> 00:21:55,690

colleagues astrobiology institute

479

00:22:00,950 --> 00:21:58,420

members in which they note that the very

480

00:22:03,930 --> 00:22:00,960

first introduction of molecular oxygen

481

00:22:06,300 --> 00:22:03,940

would seem to be self-limiting bio

482

00:22:08,880 --> 00:22:06,310

spherically because many nitrogenase

483

00:22:12,780 --> 00:22:08,890

cofactors depend on redox-sensitive

484

00:22:14,520 --> 00:22:12,790

metals like for instance manganese and

485

00:22:16,380 --> 00:22:14,530

furthermore once you have a little bit

486

00:22:19,200 --> 00:22:16,390

auction you can begin doing pathways

487

00:22:20,760 --> 00:22:19,210

like aerobic denitrification which would

488

00:22:23,750 --> 00:22:20,770

tend the nation limit cyanobacteria

489

00:22:26,910 --> 00:22:23,760

which are presumed to be the major

490

00:22:28,860 --> 00:22:26,920

likely auction pumpers in a post

491

00:22:30,840 --> 00:22:28,870

McEnaney world until there was

492

00:22:32,130 --> 00:22:30,850

sufficient oxygen to fix the nation from

493

00:22:34,320 --> 00:22:32,140

nitrites so it's a chicken in the egg

494

00:22:35,790 --> 00:22:34,330

given a little bit action it seems to

495

00:22:38,880 --> 00:22:35,800

become more difficult to gain more

496

00:22:41,490 --> 00:22:38,890

oxygen however this sudden influx of

497

00:22:43,890 --> 00:22:41,500

hydrogen peroxide could overwhelm the

498

00:22:46,770 --> 00:22:43,900

nitrate limitation paradox and permit

499

00:22:48,810 --> 00:22:46,780

the oxy Atma version as obviously is

500

00:22:52,500 --> 00:22:48,820

evidenced in the geochemical and

501
00:22:55,470 --> 00:22:52,510
geological rock record so much for the

502
00:22:57,870 --> 00:22:55,480
paleoproterozoic we have the Neo kerzo

503
00:23:02,400 --> 00:22:57,880
where a high methane atmosphere is no

504
00:23:06,840 --> 00:23:02,410
longer very tenable for the pre snowball

505
00:23:09,570 --> 00:23:06,850
say 750 to 800 million year earth is

506
00:23:11,520 --> 00:23:09,580
there a similar oxidation or oxygenation

507
00:23:13,680 --> 00:23:11,530
and the two are somewhat distinctive is

508
00:23:15,750 --> 00:23:13,690
we've discussed here link to the New

509
00:23:16,770 --> 00:23:15,760
Yorkers Oh glacial deposits well of

510
00:23:19,110 --> 00:23:16,780
course there are the banded iron

511
00:23:22,070 --> 00:23:19,120
formations in the sturdy and in the

512
00:23:26,030 --> 00:23:22,080
classics 30 in approximately 700 or

513
00:23:28,710 --> 00:23:26,040

maybe 650 million early glacial deposits

514

00:23:30,240 --> 00:23:28,720

there are other curious features of

515

00:23:32,070 --> 00:23:30,250

these glaciations including cap

516

00:23:33,570 --> 00:23:32,080

carbonates here's my favorite picture of

517

00:23:35,970 --> 00:23:33,580

a cap carbonate from this fall garden

518

00:23:38,100 --> 00:23:35,980

succession that Pippa Halverson Adam Lu

519

00:23:42,600 --> 00:23:38,110

from colleagues have worked on partly

520

00:23:44,820 --> 00:23:42,610

funded by the NAI in which the idea of

521

00:23:46,680 --> 00:23:44,830

the cap carbonate is during the latest

522

00:23:49,380 --> 00:23:46,690

near provo glacial deposits and at least

523

00:23:51,600 --> 00:23:49,390

one of the paleoproterozoic glacial

524

00:23:54,750 --> 00:23:51,610

deposits it's not clear if that

525

00:23:56,460 --> 00:23:54,760

on the Bruce dynamic tight and the

526

00:23:59,669 --> 00:23:56,470

huronian supergroup correlates to the

527

00:24:02,490 --> 00:23:59,679

McEnaney demonstrably low pehli latitude

528

00:24:04,470 --> 00:24:02,500

glaciation or not but in one paleozoic

529

00:24:07,140 --> 00:24:04,480

and many late New Yorkers Oh glacial

530

00:24:09,480 --> 00:24:07,150

deposits even if they're salissa classic

531

00:24:11,400 --> 00:24:09,490

shale sand dominated successions during

532

00:24:14,010 --> 00:24:11,410

the glaciation before the glaciation

533

00:24:15,860 --> 00:24:14,020

after the glaciation immediately in top

534

00:24:18,330 --> 00:24:15,870

the glacial deposits there is a thin

535

00:24:20,610 --> 00:24:18,340

carbonate that generally abdullah stones

536

00:24:23,430 --> 00:24:20,620

sometimes of limestone seeming to

537

00:24:25,820 --> 00:24:23,440

indicate a flux of alkalinity of the

538

00:24:28,830 --> 00:24:25,830

oceans overcoming sollicit clastic

539

00:24:30,750 --> 00:24:28,840

deposition there's also as you can see

540

00:24:33,990 --> 00:24:30,760

perhaps in this picture a characteristic

541

00:24:35,880 --> 00:24:34,000

reddening of carbonates and sollicit

542

00:24:38,340 --> 00:24:35,890

classics immediately atop the cap

543

00:24:42,000 --> 00:24:38,350

carbonate leading back into here in

544

00:24:46,190 --> 00:24:42,010

Svalbard drab dark colored black sollicit

545

00:24:52,830 --> 00:24:50,610

classically a similar startling cap

546

00:24:55,470 --> 00:24:52,840

carbonate is preserved in Newfoundland

547

00:24:59,010 --> 00:24:55,480

where at approximately 581 millions of

548

00:25:02,600 --> 00:24:59,020

years 3 kilometers of deepwater black

549

00:25:05,549 --> 00:25:02,610

organic-rich salissa classic turbidites

550

00:25:07,409 --> 00:25:05,559

became glacially supported in other

551
00:25:09,360 --> 00:25:07,419
words their stride class and drop stones

552
00:25:11,669 --> 00:25:09,370
introduced into the turbidites and then

553
00:25:14,280 --> 00:25:11,679
there's a very thin 75 centimeter

554
00:25:16,520 --> 00:25:14,290
thinner here in this section little

555
00:25:19,770 --> 00:25:16,530
comet island only 10 centimetres thick

556
00:25:22,380 --> 00:25:19,780
cap dolostone immediately above the

557
00:25:24,960 --> 00:25:22,390
topmost glacial deposits and it goes

558
00:25:27,780 --> 00:25:24,970
into young Inge to the left in the

559
00:25:29,640 --> 00:25:27,790
picture here although it's not as

560
00:25:33,810 --> 00:25:29,650
evidence from the outcrop weathering a

561
00:25:35,490 --> 00:25:33,820
red fine grain sequence so a red and

562
00:25:37,560 --> 00:25:35,500
interval just like the previous picture

563
00:25:40,620 --> 00:25:37,570

from small bar before returning to a

564

00:25:42,659 --> 00:25:40,630

full five kilometers of organic rich

565

00:25:46,169 --> 00:25:42,669

turbidites just like before the

566

00:25:48,330 --> 00:25:46,179

glaciation so at 581 million years

567

00:25:50,909 --> 00:25:48,340

there's a glaciation called gas skiers

568

00:25:53,250 --> 00:25:50,919

that shows the same classic Maron own

569

00:25:55,740 --> 00:25:53,260

reddening which is somewhat like

570

00:25:57,659 --> 00:25:55,750

reminiscent of the oxygen oxidation

571

00:25:59,960 --> 00:25:57,669

oxidation banded I information

572

00:26:03,810 --> 00:25:59,970

Association of the paleoproterozoic

573

00:26:04,460 --> 00:26:03,820

there are no airtight paleomagnetic

574

00:26:06,440 --> 00:26:04,470

results

575

00:26:08,210 --> 00:26:06,450

some gas gears and it's not clear if

576

00:26:11,510 --> 00:26:08,220

this is a truce noble earth or if this

577

00:26:13,310 --> 00:26:11,520

is right on the road between the New

578

00:26:16,430 --> 00:26:13,320

Yorkers okay liters of low latitude

579

00:26:19,190 --> 00:26:16,440

glaciations and the Ordovician Permian

580

00:26:21,080 --> 00:26:19,200

pile Pleistocene moderate pehli latitude

581

00:26:24,440 --> 00:26:21,090

glaciations as I talked about early in

582

00:26:29,690 --> 00:26:24,450

the talked recently Campfield and

583

00:26:32,630 --> 00:26:29,700

colleagues have performed a method which

584

00:26:35,450 --> 00:26:32,640

they term highly reactive iron ratios

585

00:26:37,549 --> 00:26:35,460

which essentially is a measure of the

586

00:26:44,750 --> 00:26:37,559

fraction of iron in Iraq which is bound

587

00:26:47,180 --> 00:26:44,760

up in salissa clastic debris unreactive

588

00:26:49,760 --> 00:26:47,190

clays and silicates as opposed to all

589

00:26:52,399 --> 00:26:49,770

other forms sulfides carbonates oxide

590

00:26:53,779 --> 00:26:52,409

and so forth and the idea is in modern

591

00:26:56,029 --> 00:26:53,789

settings that are well understood

592

00:26:59,029 --> 00:26:56,039

geochemical II like the Black Sea this

593

00:27:02,659 --> 00:26:59,039

ratio is relatively sensitive to the

594

00:27:05,000 --> 00:27:02,669

oxidation state and and oxygenation of

595

00:27:07,820 --> 00:27:05,010

the seawater and they see two first

596

00:27:10,880 --> 00:27:07,830

order a step function decrease of their

597

00:27:12,289 --> 00:27:10,890

iron highly reactive to iron total this

598

00:27:14,690 --> 00:27:12,299

is another way of expressing this

599

00:27:18,710 --> 00:27:14,700

fraction of sollicit lastic bearing iron

600

00:27:20,950 --> 00:27:18,720

at the very top or between their top

601
00:27:24,049 --> 00:27:20,960
most gas tears sample and the lowermost

602
00:27:26,810 --> 00:27:24,059
super gas skiers deepwater organic-rich

603
00:27:30,370 --> 00:27:26,820
turbidites they suggest this indicates

604
00:27:34,130 --> 00:27:30,380
there was at least some oxygenation

605
00:27:36,169 --> 00:27:34,140
quantifiably accompanying the end the

606
00:27:39,230 --> 00:27:36,179
deglaciation of the ghaat year's event

607
00:27:40,880 --> 00:27:39,240
they also go on to present the order

608
00:27:43,220 --> 00:27:40,890
magnitude argument for what everyone is

609
00:27:46,070 --> 00:27:43,230
assumed is the case which is that the

610
00:27:48,049 --> 00:27:46,080
ensuing evolution of complex macro biota

611
00:27:50,270 --> 00:27:48,059
the ed Accra fauna and of course the

612
00:27:52,610 --> 00:27:50,280
later Cambrian explosion would seem to

613
00:27:57,500 --> 00:27:52,620

require greater oxygen levels that are

614

00:28:00,799 --> 00:27:57,510

assumed to be present in the preceding

615

00:28:05,690 --> 00:28:00,809

parts of near persia in order to permit

616

00:28:07,460 --> 00:28:05,700

a surface area to volume sort of

617

00:28:09,799 --> 00:28:07,470

considerations for building complex body

618

00:28:12,770 --> 00:28:09,809

plans the evidence for low New Yorkers

619

00:28:16,190 --> 00:28:12,780

Oh glaciation is dominantly coming from

620

00:28:18,980 --> 00:28:16,200

work of Mattrick and colleagues recently

621

00:28:21,399 --> 00:28:18,990

turns out Northwest University who study

622

00:28:25,090 --> 00:28:21,409

carbonate associate sulfate sulfur

623

00:28:27,789 --> 00:28:25,100

isotopes which indicate very low sulfate

624

00:28:31,190 --> 00:28:27,799

concentrations in New Yorkers Oh acceder

625

00:28:35,899 --> 00:28:31,200

inferring than low oxygen concentrations

626

00:28:40,600 --> 00:28:35,909

in the overlying atmosphere this is a

627

00:28:42,769 --> 00:28:40,610

the gas Kyra's event is one of as

628

00:28:45,889 --> 00:28:42,779

originally I noted on one of the early

629

00:28:47,779 --> 00:28:45,899

slides many neo purzel glaciations of

630

00:28:50,269 --> 00:28:47,789

which all workers tend to agree at least

631

00:28:51,710 --> 00:28:50,279

three exists so-called in this

632

00:28:56,629 --> 00:28:51,720

compilation by Halverson it on

633

00:28:59,210 --> 00:28:56,639

colleagues supported by the nai and this

634

00:29:01,460 --> 00:28:59,220

diagram has been somewhat modified for a

635

00:29:07,220 --> 00:29:01,470

particular correlation of this part of

636

00:29:08,330 --> 00:29:07,230

the blue namibian and svalbard curves to

637

00:29:10,129 --> 00:29:08,340

actually perceive the stirring

638

00:29:13,129 --> 00:29:10,139

glaciation however the whole character

639

00:29:15,370 --> 00:29:13,139

of the of the idea of the swings of

640

00:29:18,070 --> 00:29:15,380

carbon does not change nor actually the

641

00:29:21,560 --> 00:29:18,080

substantial correlation of the

642

00:29:25,430 --> 00:29:21,570

successions and that's been modified in

643

00:29:27,110 --> 00:29:25,440

Halverson 2007 recently there are at

644

00:29:29,930 --> 00:29:27,120

least three glaciations called sturdy

645

00:29:31,430 --> 00:29:29,940

and Marin own and here vranger which is

646

00:29:34,009 --> 00:29:31,440

presumed to be equivalent to the gas

647

00:29:37,460 --> 00:29:34,019

gears event we just talked about note

648

00:29:40,759 --> 00:29:37,470

that all three are associated with quite

649

00:29:45,320 --> 00:29:40,769

severe negative carbonate carbon isotope

650

00:29:50,120 --> 00:29:45,330

excursions beforehand here this event is

651
00:29:51,440 --> 00:29:50,130
considered the wanaka / Johnny / sharam

652
00:29:54,289 --> 00:29:51,450
anomaly for three different locations

653
00:29:55,850 --> 00:29:54,299
where it is inferred to be present by

654
00:29:59,690 --> 00:29:55,860
global correlation which is not airtight

655
00:30:01,669 --> 00:29:59,700
but is certainly plausible and there are

656
00:30:04,279 --> 00:30:01,679
various other features of returning

657
00:30:06,080 --> 00:30:04,289
positive excursions after each of these

658
00:30:08,419 --> 00:30:06,090
glaciations that might be related to

659
00:30:15,190 --> 00:30:08,429
things like oxidation oxygenation of the

660
00:30:17,960 --> 00:30:15,200
ocean in particular the

661
00:30:19,580 --> 00:30:17,970
Wanaka sure an anomaly associated with

662
00:30:22,100 --> 00:30:19,590
his gas cures glaciation we've just

663
00:30:25,220 --> 00:30:22,110

talked about has been documented more

664

00:30:27,320 --> 00:30:25,230

than 30 outcrop sections with extensive

665

00:30:29,420 --> 00:30:27,330

sequence stratigraphy done by our one

666

00:30:31,280 --> 00:30:29,430

leg ruin colleagues formerly at a

667

00:30:34,600 --> 00:30:31,290

two-hot Zurich now at University of

668

00:30:38,300 --> 00:30:34,610

California Riverside in which there's a

669

00:30:41,150 --> 00:30:38,310

decrease in carbonate carbon isotopes by

670

00:30:43,250 --> 00:30:41,160

up to 14 per mil an extraordinary number

671

00:30:46,100 --> 00:30:43,260

reaching a Navy er of negative 12 per

672

00:30:48,800 --> 00:30:46,110

mil far below the expected mantel value

673

00:30:50,950 --> 00:30:48,810

of approximately negative six this would

674

00:30:54,260 --> 00:30:50,960

seem to indicate introduction of a major

675

00:30:57,530 --> 00:30:54,270

energy either organic carbon reservoir

676
00:31:00,350 --> 00:30:57,540
into the ocean overwhelming the total

677
00:31:04,460 --> 00:31:00,360
size of the inorganic carbon carbonate

678
00:31:06,200 --> 00:31:04,470
reservoir David faking colleagues have

679
00:31:12,050 --> 00:31:06,210
recently produced a really extraordinary

680
00:31:15,620 --> 00:31:12,060
data set which speaks with great detail

681
00:31:19,130 --> 00:31:15,630
to what's hinted at as a specific gas

682
00:31:22,160 --> 00:31:19,140
skiers event but spanning the entire or

683
00:31:25,190 --> 00:31:22,170
almost the entire Ediacaran period using

684
00:31:27,500 --> 00:31:25,200
drill core from Oman the subsurface of

685
00:31:28,880 --> 00:31:27,510
the same area where Iran log ruined

686
00:31:30,770 --> 00:31:28,890
colleagues have done their outcrop

687
00:31:33,080 --> 00:31:30,780
mapping of the Shoreham sequence

688
00:31:36,860 --> 00:31:33,090

stratigraphic carbon isotope anomaly

689

00:31:40,190 --> 00:31:36,870

here in drill core David fight who just

690

00:31:42,530 --> 00:31:40,200

got his PhD at MIT and caltech has

691

00:31:45,140 --> 00:31:42,540

produced inorganic carbon isotopes

692

00:31:47,540 --> 00:31:45,150

organic carbon isotopes sulfate sulfur

693

00:31:49,580 --> 00:31:47,550

sulfide sulfur and here is plying a

694

00:31:52,280 --> 00:31:49,590

difference between sulfate ins and

695

00:31:55,510 --> 00:31:52,290

co-existing sulfide sulfur for great

696

00:31:58,250 --> 00:31:55,520

many points throughout the akron period

697

00:32:00,980 --> 00:31:58,260

and there are dates from the succession

698

00:32:02,570 --> 00:32:00,990

of approximately 635 million years extra

699

00:32:06,530 --> 00:32:02,580

now in approximately it's very it's a

700

00:32:09,140 --> 00:32:06,540

very precise age at 635 I don't remember

701
00:32:11,240 --> 00:32:09,150
point five million years at the top of

702
00:32:13,580 --> 00:32:11,250
the glacial dynamic type and there's a

703
00:32:15,710 --> 00:32:13,590
trial zircon of approximately 621

704
00:32:18,560 --> 00:32:15,720
million years in the upper cufi

705
00:32:20,690 --> 00:32:18,570
formation and then other uranium lead

706
00:32:24,170 --> 00:32:20,700
zircon ages from ashes in the bua of

707
00:32:27,650 --> 00:32:24,180
approximately 550 million years if I can

708
00:32:28,159 --> 00:32:27,660
all I sike at all prefer to consider the

709
00:32:31,549 --> 00:32:28,169
sure

710
00:32:34,460 --> 00:32:31,559
I stope excursion here this decrease in

711
00:32:36,950 --> 00:32:34,470
inorganic carbon essentially decoupled

712
00:32:40,190 --> 00:32:36,960
from organic carbon isotopes although

713
00:32:43,249 --> 00:32:40,200

certainly there's some change but in an

714

00:32:45,830 --> 00:32:43,259

opposite direction to be related to 580

715

00:32:48,109 --> 00:32:45,840

million your gas tears event this is

716

00:32:49,729 --> 00:32:48,119

plausible though not required from the

717

00:32:51,999 --> 00:32:49,739

age constraints from the direct section

718

00:32:54,320 --> 00:32:52,009

a point i'll return to later in the talk

719

00:32:59,599 --> 00:32:54,330

fiker all suggests there are three

720

00:33:02,720 --> 00:32:59,609

stages of Han Ediacaran oxidation of the

721

00:33:06,560 --> 00:33:02,730

Earth's ocean and Atmospheric reservoirs

722

00:33:10,099 --> 00:33:06,570

in the first predominately indicated by

723

00:33:12,529 --> 00:33:10,109

the increase in Delta 34 s the

724

00:33:15,680 --> 00:33:12,539

difference between del 34 s of pyrite

725

00:33:17,570 --> 00:33:15,690

and sulfate coexisting this would seem

726

00:33:19,700 --> 00:33:17,580

to indicate growth of a sulfate

727

00:33:21,590 --> 00:33:19,710

reservoir in the ocean which is

728

00:33:25,609 --> 00:33:21,600

different than the hurricane at all cas

729

00:33:30,739 --> 00:33:25,619

low sulphate values inferred for all

730

00:33:33,259 --> 00:33:30,749

previous rocks during step two of the

731

00:33:35,180 --> 00:33:33,269

oxidation event the inorganic and

732

00:33:37,369 --> 00:33:35,190

organic reservoirs become decoupled

733

00:33:39,710 --> 00:33:37,379

there's quick oxidation of the deep do

734

00:33:42,799 --> 00:33:39,720

see reservoir similar to what's inferred

735

00:33:46,299 --> 00:33:42,809

by the somewhat quicker apparently

736

00:33:49,340 --> 00:33:46,309

although it certainly is the same event

737

00:33:51,799 --> 00:33:49,350

sure um anomaly records from the outcrop

738

00:33:54,499 --> 00:33:51,809

of leg Arun colleagues and in step 3

739

00:33:58,129 --> 00:33:54,509

bacterial sulphur disproportion further

740

00:34:00,830 --> 00:33:58,139

increases the cap Delta 34 s 2 values of

741

00:34:05,570 --> 00:34:00,840

almost 50 per mil at various parts that

742

00:34:08,510 --> 00:34:05,580

ye akron into the Cambrian the question

743

00:34:11,210 --> 00:34:08,520

is do any of these events directly

744

00:34:13,520 --> 00:34:11,220

relate to gas skiers glaciation and if

745

00:34:15,740 --> 00:34:13,530

so what is the timescale of gas tears

746

00:34:18,649 --> 00:34:15,750

deglaciation and presumed oxygenic

747

00:34:21,619 --> 00:34:18,659

increase as fike at all note the stage 1

748

00:34:24,129 --> 00:34:21,629

oxidation seemingly occurred over 25

749

00:34:26,299 --> 00:34:24,139

million years after the mara Nolan

750

00:34:29,809 --> 00:34:26,309

demonstrably low paleo latitude

751
00:34:31,909 --> 00:34:29,819
glaciation so here the sulphate increase

752
00:34:36,049 --> 00:34:31,919
which is presumed to relate to ever

753
00:34:38,329 --> 00:34:36,059
increasing Delta 34 s values spans the

754
00:34:40,850 --> 00:34:38,339
entire range of hundreds of meters of

755
00:34:45,250 --> 00:34:40,860
signature up into the 620

756
00:34:48,170 --> 00:34:45,260
1 million year detrital zircon stratum

757
00:34:51,230 --> 00:34:48,180
so it's not as seemingly quick as the

758
00:34:53,750 --> 00:34:51,240
gas cures puter lee sure i'm event is

759
00:34:57,980 --> 00:34:53,760
hypothesized to be then Condon

760
00:35:00,020 --> 00:34:57,990
colleagues have noted that strictly

761
00:35:04,280 --> 00:35:00,030
speaking the sure I'm anomaly is quite

762
00:35:08,600 --> 00:35:04,290
undated anywhere between 632 million

763
00:35:10,670 --> 00:35:08,610

years in China with carbonate carbon

764

00:35:13,700 --> 00:35:10,680

isotope values in green here and

765

00:35:16,400 --> 00:35:13,710

approximately 550 1 million years where

766

00:35:18,940 --> 00:35:16,410

they see the Sherman amalie is already

767

00:35:21,830 --> 00:35:18,950

on its way back toward positive values

768

00:35:25,100 --> 00:35:21,840

here Condon colleagues prefer to

769

00:35:27,380 --> 00:35:25,110

incorporate radiometric ages of theirs

770

00:35:29,960 --> 00:35:27,390

from Newfoundland the gas skiers event

771

00:35:32,030 --> 00:35:29,970

at this point in this trigger fee partly

772

00:35:35,480 --> 00:35:32,040

based on paleontological and partly

773

00:35:37,100 --> 00:35:35,490

based on base and substance analyses but

774

00:35:40,030 --> 00:35:37,110

there's great deal wiggle room and so

775

00:35:43,400 --> 00:35:40,040

the point here is even though fight and

776

00:35:46,610 --> 00:35:43,410

Lagoon colleagues would tend to think

777

00:35:48,890 --> 00:35:46,620

that this Sherman amelie true zona sure

778

00:35:51,440 --> 00:35:48,900

wanaka nominally belongs down here at

779

00:35:53,810 --> 00:35:51,450

gas cures glaciation at the furthest at

780

00:35:56,900 --> 00:35:53,820

member it might be close to 560 million

781

00:36:00,230 --> 00:35:56,910

years and in principle it could even be

782

00:36:01,610 --> 00:36:00,240

older than 580 million years so there's

783

00:36:03,740 --> 00:36:01,620

a lot of uncertainty in the age of the

784

00:36:06,200 --> 00:36:03,750

wanaka Sherman amelie and it's direct

785

00:36:08,630 --> 00:36:06,210

correlation into any gas gear is

786

00:36:10,970 --> 00:36:08,640

glaciation since in the gas here's type

787

00:36:14,840 --> 00:36:10,980

section there are no carbonates except

788

00:36:16,880 --> 00:36:14,850

for the cap carbonate this is the end of

789

00:36:19,850 --> 00:36:16,890

part 1 of my talk and so I want to

790

00:36:21,830 --> 00:36:19,860

reiterate the exciting work that's been

791

00:36:23,840 --> 00:36:21,840

produced by these really extensive data

792

00:36:26,690 --> 00:36:23,850

sets by David fight or 1 legger ooh

793

00:36:28,870 --> 00:36:26,700

Danny laying and colleagues which is

794

00:36:31,880 --> 00:36:28,880

there's convincing association between

795

00:36:34,700 --> 00:36:31,890

glaciations and oxidation events the

796

00:36:36,980 --> 00:36:34,710

most convincing paleozoic snowball earth

797

00:36:39,080 --> 00:36:36,990

glaciation the mac mini any information

798

00:36:42,860 --> 00:36:39,090

South Africa may have been caused by an

799

00:36:45,110 --> 00:36:42,870

intern cause dramatic oxy atma version

800

00:36:47,570 --> 00:36:45,120

and Bob cop and colleagues at Caltech

801
00:36:50,900 --> 00:36:47,580
have been out front in enumerating

802
00:36:52,280 --> 00:36:50,910
these hypotheses and this leaves the

803
00:36:53,890 --> 00:36:52,290
question which I'm addressed in part to

804
00:36:55,690 --> 00:36:53,900
my talk just how similar

805
00:36:59,500 --> 00:36:55,700
is the paleoproterozoic and the

806
00:37:00,970 --> 00:36:59,510
neoproterozoic case and if the Paleozoic

807
00:37:03,160 --> 00:37:00,980
snow bobble is associated with first

808
00:37:06,600 --> 00:37:03,170
order a taxi at no version what causes

809
00:37:09,340 --> 00:37:06,610
an EO pers 0 of snow water so recall

810
00:37:11,470 --> 00:37:09,350
from earlier slides the approximate time

811
00:37:15,130 --> 00:37:11,480
skills for entry and exit from

812
00:37:19,540 --> 00:37:15,140
glaciation are extremely quick based if

813
00:37:21,610 --> 00:37:19,550

nothing else on physics of how ice is

814

00:37:24,090 --> 00:37:21,620

expected to melt and ice sheets are

815

00:37:27,130 --> 00:37:24,100

expected not to stay in limbo between

816

00:37:28,720 --> 00:37:27,140

glacial and interglacial state there are

817

00:37:31,510 --> 00:37:28,730

other reasons also to suggest that

818

00:37:36,010 --> 00:37:31,520

deglaciation has been very rapid which

819

00:37:39,420 --> 00:37:36,020

I'll get to in a minute recall also from

820

00:37:41,380 --> 00:37:39,430

Halverson atolls carbon synthesis that

821

00:37:44,560 --> 00:37:41,390

immediately above the mera naam

822

00:37:46,090 --> 00:37:44,570

glaciation there is and possibly above

823

00:37:47,980 --> 00:37:46,100

the sturdy and glaciation although this

824

00:37:50,250 --> 00:37:47,990

part of the curve has been modified by

825

00:37:52,660 --> 00:37:50,260

Halverson 2007 there's a dramatic

826

00:37:55,300 --> 00:37:52,670

negative carbon isotope excursion which

827

00:37:57,730 --> 00:37:55,310

happens in short scat meters presumed to

828

00:38:00,520 --> 00:37:57,740

relate to catastrophic silicate

829

00:38:02,980 --> 00:38:00,530

weathering and rally dis distillation of

830

00:38:06,420 --> 00:38:02,990

the carbon dioxide greenhouse atmosphere

831

00:38:10,150 --> 00:38:06,430

that had built up over the snowball and

832

00:38:12,160 --> 00:38:10,160

recall again the cap carbonates often

833

00:38:14,140 --> 00:38:12,170

have unusual features for the

834

00:38:16,840 --> 00:38:14,150

successions there within associated with

835

00:38:18,660 --> 00:38:16,850

reddening the anomalous isotopes I just

836

00:38:23,590 --> 00:38:18,670

talked about in various other features

837

00:38:27,490 --> 00:38:23,600

such as giant wave ripples and this is a

838

00:38:30,130 --> 00:38:27,500

point which is difficult to

839

00:38:31,600 --> 00:38:30,140

overemphasize if you've been in the

840

00:38:34,420 --> 00:38:31,610

field and seeing some of the structures

841

00:38:36,850 --> 00:38:34,430

and cap carbonates any geologist who

842

00:38:38,800 --> 00:38:36,860

comes and and and and works on cap

843

00:38:41,760 --> 00:38:38,810

carbonates seas textures which are

844

00:38:44,440 --> 00:38:41,770

unprecedented in the rest of the pre

845

00:38:45,760 --> 00:38:44,450

which are together unprecedented

846

00:38:47,950 --> 00:38:45,770

throughout the Precambrian or

847

00:38:56,330 --> 00:38:47,960

phanerozoic record individual members

848

00:39:00,570 --> 00:38:58,830

stromatolites negative carbon isotopes

849

00:39:02,460 --> 00:39:00,580

are seen in different places but all

850

00:39:05,490 --> 00:39:02,470

together their presence immediately

851

00:39:08,100 --> 00:39:05,500

above the marin on New York rizzo

852

00:39:11,250 --> 00:39:08,110

glaciation and a decimeter even meter

853

00:39:13,440 --> 00:39:11,260

scale their sharp crested depositional

854

00:39:15,600 --> 00:39:13,450

carbonate anta forums that seemingly

855

00:39:18,420 --> 00:39:15,610

have crests which migrate back and forth

856

00:39:21,330 --> 00:39:18,430

just like a very small scale wave ripple

857

00:39:23,400 --> 00:39:21,340

in a fast flow regime Alan Hoffman

858

00:39:27,930 --> 00:39:23,410

suggests this was produced by sustained

859

00:39:32,280 --> 00:39:27,940

gale force winds time scale of days

860

00:39:34,020 --> 00:39:32,290

hours years decades suggesting that the

861

00:39:36,600 --> 00:39:34,030

whole deposition of cap carbonate was a

862

00:39:38,700 --> 00:39:36,610

similarly very quick event geochemical

863

00:39:40,710 --> 00:39:38,710

modeling also suggests the deposition

864

00:39:43,170 --> 00:39:40,720

cap carbonate occurred on time scale of

865

00:39:44,940 --> 00:39:43,180

say two thousand years plus or minus an

866

00:39:46,410 --> 00:39:44,950

order magnitude there are other fees

867

00:39:48,180 --> 00:39:46,420

like upward growing segments draped

868

00:39:50,460 --> 00:39:48,190

seafloor crystal fans which presumably

869

00:39:53,310 --> 00:39:50,470

had to outpace sedimentary to tribal

870

00:39:56,490 --> 00:39:53,320

input and other perhaps were modely

871

00:39:58,770 --> 00:39:56,500

dependent evidences lines of argument to

872

00:40:01,110 --> 00:39:58,780

suggest that the cap carbonate sequence

873

00:40:03,210 --> 00:40:01,120

that anomalous carbonate bit above the

874

00:40:07,650 --> 00:40:03,220

sluice classic New Yorkers Oaks noble

875

00:40:09,750 --> 00:40:07,660

Earth's was very rapidly deposited there

876

00:40:13,530 --> 00:40:09,760

have been two fastening recent tests of

877

00:40:15,090 --> 00:40:13,540

this and related expectations of the

878

00:40:18,150 --> 00:40:15,100

hard New Yorkers Oh snowball earth

879

00:40:19,890 --> 00:40:18,160

hypothesis the first testament is to

880

00:40:22,650 --> 00:40:19,900

prolong sea ice covering it comes from

881

00:40:27,210 --> 00:40:22,660

central Africa's lúthien art where drill

882

00:40:29,160 --> 00:40:27,220

core in Congo and Zambia of two

883

00:40:31,590 --> 00:40:29,170

successions presumed to correlate to the

884

00:40:33,990 --> 00:40:31,600

sturdy and the mera naam glaciations the

885

00:40:36,060 --> 00:40:34,000

older and the younger although the truth

886

00:40:38,550 --> 00:40:36,070

may be more complicated that near

887

00:40:40,700 --> 00:40:38,560

preserve glaciations shows dramatic

888

00:40:43,890 --> 00:40:40,710

iridium concentration and

889

00:40:47,280 --> 00:40:43,900

extraterrestrial iridium ratio profiles

890

00:40:49,760 --> 00:40:47,290

in clay stone immediately below the

891

00:40:53,820 --> 00:40:49,770

Marin Owen correlative cap carbonate and

892

00:40:57,300 --> 00:40:53,830

throughout decimeters of the lowermost

893

00:40:59,460 --> 00:40:57,310

sturdy in calcareous shale immediately

894

00:41:01,980 --> 00:40:59,470

above glacial deposit so the D glacial

895

00:41:03,540 --> 00:41:01,990

aftermath of glaciations in central

896

00:41:05,190 --> 00:41:03,550

Africa produced these shocking

897

00:41:07,710 --> 00:41:05,200

extraterrestrial iridium anomalies

898

00:41:09,790 --> 00:41:07,720

assuming these are carried by interplay

899

00:41:11,890 --> 00:41:09,800

us particles as opposed major in

900

00:41:13,960 --> 00:41:11,900

x this implies a timescale for

901
00:41:15,250 --> 00:41:13,970
accumulating iridium on the continents

902
00:41:17,740 --> 00:41:15,260
then washing them into the ocean

903
00:41:20,710 --> 00:41:17,750
afterwards of something like 12 million

904
00:41:23,470 --> 00:41:20,720
years or a quickest assuming an or

905
00:41:25,750 --> 00:41:23,480
division I r deflects say three million

906
00:41:28,750 --> 00:41:25,760
years for the duration of snowball earth

907
00:41:31,030 --> 00:41:28,760
glaciation testament to the ultra

908
00:41:36,150 --> 00:41:31,040
greenhouse escape seems to be supported

909
00:41:38,890 --> 00:41:36,160
by incredibly precise trace isotopic

910
00:41:41,740 --> 00:41:38,900
analyses of capital stone from Namibia

911
00:41:44,350 --> 00:41:41,750
in this case the presumed mera Nolan

912
00:41:46,990 --> 00:41:44,360
equivalent 636 million year old cap

913
00:41:50,260 --> 00:41:47,000

dolostone of the Kyle Berg and library

914

00:41:53,470 --> 00:41:50,270

formations in which trace concentrations

915

00:41:56,160 --> 00:41:53,480

of boron substituted for carbonate in

916

00:41:58,750 --> 00:41:56,170

the carbonate lattice show a negative

917

00:42:00,550 --> 00:41:58,760

excursion of negative nine per mil over

918

00:42:02,350 --> 00:42:00,560

two and a half meters in the cap duelist

919

00:42:03,880 --> 00:42:02,360

own before returning to their value over

920

00:42:06,370 --> 00:42:03,890

hundreds of meters of the ensuing cap

921

00:42:08,980 --> 00:42:06,380

limestone there's also decrease in

922

00:42:12,100 --> 00:42:08,990

calcium isotope composition suggesting

923

00:42:14,430 --> 00:42:12,110

together that pH of the oceans might

924

00:42:16,690 --> 00:42:14,440

have dramatically acidified since

925

00:42:20,820 --> 00:42:16,700

fractionation of boron depends on the

926
00:42:23,980 --> 00:42:20,830
speciation of borate and its associated

927
00:42:26,700 --> 00:42:23,990
complexes and seawater which is itself

928
00:42:28,840 --> 00:42:26,710
ph-dependent among other things and

929
00:42:32,290 --> 00:42:28,850
calcium isotope compositions are

930
00:42:34,480 --> 00:42:32,300
presumed to change only if you change

931
00:42:35,980 --> 00:42:34,490
the residence on a calcium by increasing

932
00:42:38,860 --> 00:42:35,990
the weathering rate from the continents

933
00:42:41,170 --> 00:42:38,870
or slowing down the sedimentary burial

934
00:42:43,090 --> 00:42:41,180
of calcium the ocean because cap

935
00:42:46,090 --> 00:42:43,100
carbonates are presumed to be fast

936
00:42:47,740 --> 00:42:46,100
deposited this indicates or this is

937
00:42:49,900 --> 00:42:47,750
hypothesized to indicate it was

938
00:42:51,850 --> 00:42:49,910

interpreted to indicate an increase in

939

00:42:55,000 --> 00:42:51,860

silicate weathering concomitant with

940

00:42:56,920 --> 00:42:55,010

ultra greenhouse high co2 acidification

941

00:43:01,320 --> 00:42:56,930

of the ocean in the immediate aftermath

942

00:43:04,420 --> 00:43:01,330

and New Yorkers Oh of snowball however

943

00:43:05,920 --> 00:43:04,430

and this gets to my particular is

944

00:43:08,440 --> 00:43:05,930

interest there have been three previous

945

00:43:11,680 --> 00:43:08,450

paleomagnetic studies that show apparent

946

00:43:15,300 --> 00:43:11,690

geomagnetic reversals within mera Nolan

947

00:43:17,500 --> 00:43:15,310

equivalent cap carbonate deposits

948

00:43:19,510 --> 00:43:17,510

firstly at all in Western Australian

949

00:43:21,730 --> 00:43:19,520

2001 and Ricardo trend dodge and

950

00:43:23,010 --> 00:43:21,740

colleagues in Brazil and Ben Kilner and

951
00:43:25,500 --> 00:43:23,020
colleagues

952
00:43:27,540 --> 00:43:25,510
from the UK working in omani successions

953
00:43:29,580 --> 00:43:27,550
if needed documented at least one

954
00:43:31,530 --> 00:43:29,590
apparent geomagnetic reversal in a cap

955
00:43:33,720 --> 00:43:31,540
carbonate but none of the studies are

956
00:43:35,280 --> 00:43:33,730
airtight for reasons not necessarily of

957
00:43:37,860 --> 00:43:35,290
the author's doing but because of

958
00:43:40,080 --> 00:43:37,870
outcrop limitations and such so the

959
00:43:42,450 --> 00:43:40,090
question is first are these indications

960
00:43:44,640 --> 00:43:42,460
reliable and second what is the

961
00:43:46,530 --> 00:43:44,650
implication through last hundred eighty

962
00:43:50,010 --> 00:43:46,540
million years geomagnetic reversals

963
00:43:52,020 --> 00:43:50,020

happen say on tens to hundreds of

964

00:43:53,430 --> 00:43:52,030

thousands or even millions of years time

965

00:43:55,170 --> 00:43:53,440

scale if there's a geomagnetic reversal

966

00:43:57,780 --> 00:43:55,180

in the cap carbonate does this mean it

967

00:44:00,540 --> 00:43:57,790

took millions of years to deposit well

968

00:44:02,580 --> 00:44:00,550

at quickest in the catan jian a peck of

969

00:44:04,950 --> 00:44:02,590

the Jurassic there were up to twenty

970

00:44:07,260 --> 00:44:04,960

geomagnetic reversals in approximately 1

971

00:44:09,060 --> 00:44:07,270

million year ammonite by ozone so what

972

00:44:11,790 --> 00:44:09,070

quickest geomagnetic reversals might

973

00:44:14,400 --> 00:44:11,800

happen at 20,000 to 50,000 your time

974

00:44:16,830 --> 00:44:14,410

scales but this is still much greater

975

00:44:20,010 --> 00:44:16,840

than the 10,000 year geochemical

976
00:44:22,560 --> 00:44:20,020
modeling or the extreme rapid deposition

977
00:44:25,980 --> 00:44:22,570
rate seemingly indicated by the climbing

978
00:44:29,490 --> 00:44:25,990
wave ripples for the hard snowball Earth

979
00:44:34,020 --> 00:44:29,500
scenario cat Billa stones so my

980
00:44:35,310 --> 00:44:34,030
investigation addresses these points and

981
00:44:37,740 --> 00:44:35,320
the thing to remember out there to

982
00:44:40,620 --> 00:44:37,750
magnetic field is it reverses episodic

983
00:44:42,540 --> 00:44:40,630
ly unpredictably the inclination the

984
00:44:44,070 --> 00:44:42,550
field varies as a function latitude from

985
00:44:45,840 --> 00:44:44,080
nearly flat with respect to Earth's

986
00:44:48,240 --> 00:44:45,850
surface of the equator nearly verbal at

987
00:44:51,990 --> 00:44:48,250
the pole and if averaged over a times

988
00:44:53,910 --> 00:44:52,000

can span of two thousand years the

989

00:44:56,550 --> 00:44:53,920

location of the apparent geomagnetic

990

00:45:00,630 --> 00:44:56,560

Pole approximates on average the true

991

00:45:03,090 --> 00:45:00,640

geocentric axial dipole in south

992

00:45:04,920 --> 00:45:03,100

australia new provoke stradder exposed

993

00:45:07,410 --> 00:45:04,930

an open fold belt which the central

994

00:45:09,150 --> 00:45:07,420

areas least metamorphose their other

995

00:45:10,650 --> 00:45:09,160

Krell ative basins throughout australian

996

00:45:12,270 --> 00:45:10,660

these have been many of the locations

997

00:45:14,340 --> 00:45:12,280

where the snowball earth hypothesis for

998

00:45:16,500 --> 00:45:14,350

the Neo berserk has been first

999

00:45:20,010 --> 00:45:16,510

elaborated by Australian Geological

1000

00:45:24,690 --> 00:45:20,020

Survey colleagues classically in the

1001
00:45:27,630 --> 00:45:24,700
1980s full tests in which magnetization

1002
00:45:31,400 --> 00:45:27,640
was shown to rap about bent bedding

1003
00:45:33,640 --> 00:45:31,410
assumed to be related to sin sedimentary

1004
00:45:36,609 --> 00:45:33,650
seismic

1005
00:45:39,309 --> 00:45:36,619
deformation within a rib might member

1006
00:45:41,230 --> 00:45:39,319
resembling glacial VAR bytes in the

1007
00:45:43,480 --> 00:45:41,240
Latin information of South Australia was

1008
00:45:45,760 --> 00:45:43,490
shown to have flat magaz a shin with

1009
00:45:48,160 --> 00:45:45,770
respect to bedding suggesting was formed

1010
00:45:50,170 --> 00:45:48,170
at the equator many authors have

1011
00:45:52,299 --> 00:45:50,180
replicated the study and others have

1012
00:45:54,339 --> 00:45:52,309
considered it suggesting that because

1013
00:45:57,490 --> 00:45:54,349

VAR White's might be very quickly

1014

00:46:02,940 --> 00:45:57,500

deposited say 60 to 20,000 years total

1015

00:46:05,049 --> 00:46:02,950

for only 10 meters of monthly couplets

1016

00:46:07,059 --> 00:46:05,059

that you might only be seeing a very

1017

00:46:08,829 --> 00:46:07,069

strange excursion election Earth's

1018

00:46:11,170 --> 00:46:08,839

magnetic field therefore the near

1019

00:46:13,660 --> 00:46:11,180

preserve glaciations might not truly be

1020

00:46:15,339 --> 00:46:13,670

little attitude Linda Solon colleagues

1021

00:46:19,329 --> 00:46:15,349

at Columbia University address this in

1022

00:46:21,190 --> 00:46:19,339

1999 where they measured systematic

1023

00:46:24,069 --> 00:46:21,200

paleomagnetic analyses throughout

1024

00:46:25,299 --> 00:46:24,079

sandstone and shale and glacial dynamic

1025

00:46:27,819 --> 00:46:25,309

tight intervals in three different

1026
00:46:29,890 --> 00:46:27,829
sections essentially producing a nearly

1027
00:46:33,660 --> 00:46:29,900
replicated magnetic polarity

1028
00:46:37,329 --> 00:46:33,670
stratigraphy also of low paleo latitude

1029
00:46:40,359 --> 00:46:37,339
so the Atlanta glaciation age unknown

1030
00:46:43,510 --> 00:46:40,369
but presume the correlate to the 635

1031
00:46:45,880 --> 00:46:43,520
million your glaciations is clearly at

1032
00:46:49,269 --> 00:46:45,890
low pehli latitude in late near peroza

1033
00:46:52,630 --> 00:46:49,279
time say seven degrees pehli latitude is

1034
00:46:54,900 --> 00:46:52,640
a good estimate I went to three sections

1035
00:46:57,039 --> 00:46:54,910
within the central undeformed part of

1036
00:46:59,589 --> 00:46:57,049
the flinders ranges of South Australia

1037
00:47:02,019 --> 00:46:59,599
where the Latin information here in this

1038
00:47:07,529 --> 00:47:02,029

dark brown color is preserved especially

1039

00:47:09,730 --> 00:47:07,539

well in the flanks of a salt diapir

1040

00:47:11,880 --> 00:47:09,740

active during the appraisal time and a

1041

00:47:14,559 --> 00:47:11,890

fourth section in the same outcrop belt

1042

00:47:16,569 --> 00:47:14,569

here eight kilometres separates a Latin

1043

00:47:19,630 --> 00:47:16,579

a creek from trees Ellen bore with the

1044

00:47:21,460 --> 00:47:19,640

recently ratified GS SP for the

1045

00:47:23,079 --> 00:47:21,470

ediacaran period and are a panorama

1046

00:47:26,019 --> 00:47:23,089

Creek in the middle and there's another

1047

00:47:27,789 --> 00:47:26,029

success section in the same outcrop belt

1048

00:47:31,029 --> 00:47:27,799

15 climbers in North appear chill in the

1049

00:47:33,490 --> 00:47:31,039

gorge this is what the rock looks like

1050

00:47:36,339 --> 00:47:33,500

here are glacial dynamic tights of lat

1051

00:47:39,970 --> 00:47:36,349

information they're red beds oh my

1052

00:47:41,309 --> 00:47:39,980

goodness I have no idea I'm a-okay here

1053

00:47:44,219 --> 00:47:41,319

we're back

1054

00:47:47,370 --> 00:47:44,229

okay here's an incisive read channelized

1055

00:47:51,299 --> 00:47:47,380

sheets and stone leading to mix Lissa

1056

00:47:54,059 --> 00:47:51,309

class to carbonate deposition showing

1057

00:47:56,189 --> 00:47:54,069

conformable gradual increase in

1058

00:47:58,079 --> 00:47:56,199

carbonate content until you reach the

1059

00:48:00,749 --> 00:47:58,089

six metre thick capital of stone at

1060

00:48:02,910 --> 00:48:00,759

latnok read the cap bill stone shows the

1061

00:48:05,699 --> 00:48:02,920

characteristic negative carbon isotope

1062

00:48:09,930 --> 00:48:05,709

anomaly and these unusual climbing wave

1063

00:48:12,029 --> 00:48:09,940

ripples rock magnetic shows that they're

1064

00:48:13,680 --> 00:48:12,039

abundant iron oxide particles these are

1065

00:48:16,559 --> 00:48:13,690

likely source from adjacent banded iron

1066

00:48:18,689 --> 00:48:16,569

formations of paleozoic age on the

1067

00:48:21,089 --> 00:48:18,699

adjacent clay times their associate with

1068

00:48:23,729 --> 00:48:21,099

clay and so the magnetism of this rock

1069

00:48:27,509 --> 00:48:23,739

is presumably adit Radel little grains

1070

00:48:29,489 --> 00:48:27,519

of Faerie magnetic hematite anti

1071

00:48:31,890 --> 00:48:29,499

ferromagnetic hematite rolling into the

1072

00:48:33,449 --> 00:48:31,900

basin and aligning on average with

1073

00:48:35,670 --> 00:48:33,459

Earth's magnetic field at the time of

1074

00:48:39,479 --> 00:48:35,680

deposition cemented into place by the

1075

00:48:42,239 --> 00:48:39,489

carbonate the magnetic records through

1076

00:48:44,729 --> 00:48:42,249

the six meters or so of cap carbon

1077

00:48:46,380 --> 00:48:44,739

Atlantic Creek are as follows there is a

1078

00:48:50,130 --> 00:48:46,390

switch not shown in this particular

1079

00:48:52,259 --> 00:48:50,140

diagram from the conformable solicit

1080

00:48:54,539 --> 00:48:52,269

classics of the uppermost Latin

1081

00:48:56,670 --> 00:48:54,549

information into the base of the cap

1082

00:48:58,890 --> 00:48:56,680

dolostone which has a certain magnetic

1083

00:49:01,140 --> 00:48:58,900

polarity here we're showing the latitude

1084

00:49:06,209 --> 00:49:01,150

and longitude respectively of the

1085

00:49:07,829 --> 00:49:06,219

computer geomagnetic Pole because it's

1086

00:49:10,109 --> 00:49:07,839

two-dimensional projection is mounting

1087

00:49:12,599 --> 00:49:10,119

equated looking at changes and then

1088

00:49:14,519 --> 00:49:12,609

there's a polarity switch about midway

1089

00:49:16,799 --> 00:49:14,529

through the cap carbonate over an

1090

00:49:18,870 --> 00:49:16,809

interval of only about 13 centimeters

1091

00:49:20,640 --> 00:49:18,880

and the rest of the cap carbonate into

1092

00:49:23,609 --> 00:49:20,650

the mix transition with overlying SaLuSa

1093

00:49:25,680 --> 00:49:23,619

plastics is of the other polarity black

1094

00:49:27,209 --> 00:49:25,690

and white represent for instance normal

1095

00:49:29,099 --> 00:49:27,219

and reverse polarities their choice is

1096

00:49:31,969 --> 00:49:29,109

somewhat arbitrary and then there's

1097

00:49:35,249 --> 00:49:31,979

another reversal back to normal polarity

1098

00:49:38,189 --> 00:49:35,259

arbitrary within the mix transition into

1099

00:49:40,620 --> 00:49:38,199

brash information solicit plastics here

1100

00:49:43,680 --> 00:49:40,630

are locations of the giant wave ripples

1101

00:49:47,099 --> 00:49:43,690

seemingly indicating fast deposition of

1102

00:49:49,229 --> 00:49:47,109

the cap carbonate the same pattern holds

1103

00:49:51,630 --> 00:49:49,239

that the Anna Rama Creek GS SP in which

1104

00:49:53,880 --> 00:49:51,640

the upper part of Latin information is

1105

00:49:54,240 --> 00:49:53,890

reversely magnetized the lower half a

1106

00:49:56,490 --> 00:49:54,250

cap

1107

00:49:58,470 --> 00:49:56,500

old stone is normally magnetized the

1108

00:50:01,110 --> 00:49:58,480

upper half of capitalist stone into

1109

00:50:03,270 --> 00:50:01,120

brashness loose elastics not cropping

1110

00:50:05,610 --> 00:50:03,280

out well here is reversely magnetized

1111

00:50:08,070 --> 00:50:05,620

and there's yet another reversal within

1112

00:50:11,550 --> 00:50:08,080

the mixed transition to overlying

1113

00:50:14,430 --> 00:50:11,560

monotonic solicit plastics this is even

1114

00:50:16,410 --> 00:50:14,440

true aight climbers north of latin creek

1115

00:50:18,240 --> 00:50:16,420

at true zona bore where the cap

1116

00:50:20,130 --> 00:50:18,250

carbonate has been attenuated only a

1117

00:50:23,090 --> 00:50:20,140

tenth of its thickness here the cap

1118

00:50:27,540 --> 00:50:23,100

karma is only 75 centimetres thick and

1119

00:50:29,430 --> 00:50:27,550

yet again the uppermost Latin ax dynamic

1120

00:50:35,040 --> 00:50:29,440

tigheten sandstone faces are normally

1121

00:50:37,140 --> 00:50:35,050

magnetized a nun conformable surface and

1122

00:50:38,850 --> 00:50:37,150

sandstone associated with it locally at

1123

00:50:41,100 --> 00:50:38,860

razon de Bourgh's reversely magnetized

1124

00:50:43,650 --> 00:50:41,110

the bottom part of the cap carbonate is

1125

00:50:46,890 --> 00:50:43,660

normally magnetized and then there's a

1126
00:50:49,320 --> 00:50:46,900
transition into reverse polarity over at

1127
00:50:51,240 --> 00:50:49,330
least one sample here and you see stable

1128
00:50:53,730 --> 00:50:51,250
reverse polarity for about six samples

1129
00:50:56,160 --> 00:50:53,740
within the very top 10 or so most

1130
00:51:01,170 --> 00:50:56,170
centimeters of the 75 centimeter thick

1131
00:51:05,970 --> 00:51:01,180
Capitol summit Arizona bore all together

1132
00:51:08,100 --> 00:51:05,980
you might stretch these different

1133
00:51:09,720 --> 00:51:08,110
thickness sections at a Latin a creek

1134
00:51:11,880 --> 00:51:09,730
enter a McCree confers on board and

1135
00:51:13,380 --> 00:51:11,890
produce a composite Magnus trigger feel

1136
00:51:15,180 --> 00:51:13,390
like this different sections in

1137
00:51:18,540 --> 00:51:15,190
different colors with one meter

1138
00:51:22,590 --> 00:51:18,550

stretching factors shown for scale over

1139

00:51:26,430 --> 00:51:22,600

here the point is there's a geologically

1140

00:51:28,680 --> 00:51:26,440

stratigraphically coherent system to the

1141

00:51:31,380 --> 00:51:28,690

magnetic clarity which with in capitola

1142

00:51:33,420 --> 00:51:31,390

stone that seems to validate the

1143

00:51:36,810 --> 00:51:33,430

previous studies suggesting that really

1144

00:51:38,790 --> 00:51:36,820

is a paleo magnetic signal switch within

1145

00:51:41,310 --> 00:51:38,800

the capitalist or in fact there are

1146

00:51:43,440 --> 00:51:41,320

three geomagnetic polarity switches

1147

00:51:45,780 --> 00:51:43,450

associated with capitalist on this one

1148

00:51:48,750 --> 00:51:45,790

just below it this one just above solid

1149

00:51:51,360 --> 00:51:48,760

capitalist own so we need to ask now are

1150

00:51:53,190 --> 00:51:51,370

these truly geomagnetic reversal of a

1151
00:51:55,500 --> 00:51:53,200
normal jus dynamo in which one of these

1152
00:51:57,330 --> 00:51:55,510
polarities owns is tens or hundreds or

1153
00:52:00,330 --> 00:51:57,340
millions well tens or hundreds of

1154
00:52:02,730 --> 00:52:00,340
thousands or millions of years and can

1155
00:52:04,950 --> 00:52:02,740
we do a more precise job of quantifying

1156
00:52:07,050 --> 00:52:04,960
deposition rate here's the example

1157
00:52:08,870 --> 00:52:07,060
showing that reversal rate is very

1158
00:52:11,849 --> 00:52:08,880
uncertain

1159
00:52:14,790 --> 00:52:11,859
however the last three geomagnetic

1160
00:52:17,339 --> 00:52:14,800
reversals when studied in very high

1161
00:52:19,950 --> 00:52:17,349
deposition rate ODP I ODP cores that

1162
00:52:24,050 --> 00:52:19,960
have aged models independently drive

1163
00:52:27,150 --> 00:52:24,060

from radiometric isotopes show an

1164

00:52:29,400 --> 00:52:27,160

interesting latitude dependence from

1165

00:52:31,620 --> 00:52:29,410

sites near the equator to sites at about

1166

00:52:34,530 --> 00:52:31,630

70 degrees latitude north or south of

1167

00:52:37,620 --> 00:52:34,540

the time it takes their geomagnetic

1168

00:52:40,079 --> 00:52:37,630

field to switch from one polarity to the

1169

00:52:42,089 --> 00:52:40,089

other so it might switch erratically

1170

00:52:44,040 --> 00:52:42,099

every hundred thousand years but the

1171

00:52:45,930 --> 00:52:44,050

amount of time it takes is perhaps

1172

00:52:49,560 --> 00:52:45,940

expected to be relatively constant

1173

00:52:52,620 --> 00:52:49,570

between say ten thousand at most and two

1174

00:52:54,240 --> 00:52:52,630

thousand years at least with systematics

1175

00:52:59,970 --> 00:52:54,250

for the latitude of the site which is

1176
00:53:02,420 --> 00:52:59,980
observing that switch will return and

1177
00:53:04,140 --> 00:53:02,430
apply that to the capital stone a second

1178
00:53:05,940 --> 00:53:04,150
addressing whether these are true

1179
00:53:08,460 --> 00:53:05,950
geomagnetic reversals there are things

1180
00:53:13,320 --> 00:53:08,470
called geomagnetic excursions so here

1181
00:53:15,630 --> 00:53:13,330
example is Jim chap pilation of the last

1182
00:53:18,420 --> 00:53:15,640
two and a half million years from

1183
00:53:20,550 --> 00:53:18,430
similar high deposition rate ODP I ODP

1184
00:53:22,950 --> 00:53:20,560
cores in which within stable polarity

1185
00:53:25,349 --> 00:53:22,960
zones here's entirely normal flirty zone

1186
00:53:28,290 --> 00:53:25,359
they're very short say one to two

1187
00:53:30,089 --> 00:53:28,300
thousand year duration spikes where the

1188
00:53:32,609 --> 00:53:30,099

geomagnetic field suddenly switches

1189

00:53:36,050 --> 00:53:32,619

polarity before returning back to its

1190

00:53:39,630 --> 00:53:36,060

generally long-term stable configuration

1191

00:53:41,430 --> 00:53:39,640

the question is is this an excursion is

1192

00:53:43,200 --> 00:53:41,440

this an excursion in which case we only

1193

00:53:46,109 --> 00:53:43,210

have one or two thousand years one or

1194

00:53:48,440 --> 00:53:46,119

two thousand years somewhat more in line

1195

00:53:51,180 --> 00:53:48,450

with the fast deposition expectation I

1196

00:53:53,790 --> 00:53:51,190

would argue that it doesn't seem to be

1197

00:53:55,829 --> 00:53:53,800

the case for one thing there's adjacent

1198

00:53:57,450 --> 00:53:55,839

repetition of events there's one paleo

1199

00:53:59,550 --> 00:53:57,460

magnetic reversal in the cap carbonate

1200

00:54:03,030 --> 00:53:59,560

going from white reverse polarity to

1201
00:54:04,349 --> 00:54:03,040
black white to black a second reversal

1202
00:54:06,990 --> 00:54:04,359
and a third of Ursula at approximately

1203
00:54:10,140 --> 00:54:07,000
equivalent intervals this is different

1204
00:54:12,960 --> 00:54:10,150
from the recent record in which you have

1205
00:54:16,500 --> 00:54:12,970
these very short excursions occupying

1206
00:54:18,570 --> 00:54:16,510
otherwise long-term relative to the

1207
00:54:21,150 --> 00:54:18,580
tides and excursions stable polarity

1208
00:54:25,510 --> 00:54:23,560
secondly there are many reversals that

1209
00:54:27,700 --> 00:54:25,520
everyone accepts our true geomagnetic

1210
00:54:29,530 --> 00:54:27,710
reversals in the overlying brashness

1211
00:54:31,510 --> 00:54:29,540
list of plastics and in the Latin

1212
00:54:33,370 --> 00:54:31,520
information itself it's somewhat

1213
00:54:35,530 --> 00:54:33,380

arbitrary to consider those reversals

1214

00:54:38,980 --> 00:54:35,540

and these excursions we probably have to

1215

00:54:40,420 --> 00:54:38,990

say everything is very quick unexpected

1216

00:54:43,120 --> 00:54:40,430

switching the magnetic field or

1217

00:54:46,960 --> 00:54:43,130

everything is standard uniformitarian

1218

00:54:48,849 --> 00:54:46,970

geomagnetic and third there are is fine

1219

00:54:51,040 --> 00:54:48,859

structure within these polarities zones

1220

00:54:53,680 --> 00:54:51,050

for example in the different sections

1221

00:54:56,140 --> 00:54:53,690

there are between seven and sometimes

1222

00:54:58,570 --> 00:54:56,150

one samples recording transitional

1223

00:55:00,070 --> 00:54:58,580

directions between one polarity state

1224

00:55:03,250 --> 00:55:00,080

and the other in the middle of the cap

1225

00:55:04,570 --> 00:55:03,260

carbonate likewise you might squint and

1226

00:55:05,950 --> 00:55:04,580

say there's a transition between

1227

00:55:08,320 --> 00:55:05,960

polarities at the top of the cap

1228

00:55:11,710 --> 00:55:08,330

carbonate at the bottom and there are

1229

00:55:15,810 --> 00:55:11,720

even individual samples or sometimes two

1230

00:55:17,980 --> 00:55:15,820

or three samples here that seem to

1231

00:55:21,400 --> 00:55:17,990

excursion of one of the polarity crises

1232

00:55:24,070 --> 00:55:21,410

to arguably here is an excursion 'old

1233

00:55:26,589 --> 00:55:24,080

erection in that case this interval of

1234

00:55:28,630 --> 00:55:26,599

ten centimeters is something like one to

1235

00:55:31,690 --> 00:55:28,640

two thousand years and this whole

1236

00:55:35,109 --> 00:55:31,700

interval is something like ten to twenty

1237

00:55:37,960 --> 00:55:35,119

or thirty thousand years curiously in

1238

00:55:40,660 --> 00:55:37,970

the best of the three other

1239

00:55:42,970 --> 00:55:40,670

paleomagnetic studies for stratigraphic

1240

00:55:44,920 --> 00:55:42,980

high resolution that ricardo trend dodge

1241

00:55:47,140 --> 00:55:44,930

and colleagues in mirasol due west cap

1242

00:55:48,880 --> 00:55:47,150

Carly Brazil their pattern is somewhat

1243

00:55:50,560 --> 00:55:48,890

similar to that found in the presumed

1244

00:55:53,050 --> 00:55:50,570

correlative knuckling a cap dolostone

1245

00:55:55,870 --> 00:55:53,060

they have one polarity which they denote

1246

00:55:58,089 --> 00:55:55,880

is reversed arbitrary in the bottom of

1247

00:56:00,099 --> 00:55:58,099

the cap dolostone switching to another

1248

00:56:01,900 --> 00:56:00,109

in the middle switching back to a

1249

00:56:04,630 --> 00:56:01,910

polarity in the top and then they have

1250

00:56:06,540 --> 00:56:04,640

very short one or two sample departures

1251

00:56:08,920 --> 00:56:06,550

from the topmost priority crime

1252

00:56:11,589 --> 00:56:08,930

superimpose on that this is somewhat

1253

00:56:13,930 --> 00:56:11,599

similar to one clear zone than the other

1254

00:56:15,910 --> 00:56:13,940

clarity than the other with some short

1255

00:56:19,540 --> 00:56:15,920

departures in the knuckle Enoch Abdullah

1256

00:56:21,700 --> 00:56:19,550

stone I've been studying so if you

1257

00:56:23,380 --> 00:56:21,710

accept the uniformitarian interpretation

1258

00:56:25,120 --> 00:56:23,390

say the capitalists own took tens of

1259

00:56:27,040 --> 00:56:25,130

thousands of years to deposit how do you

1260

00:56:28,359 --> 00:56:27,050

get around the giant wave ripples you

1261

00:56:31,120 --> 00:56:28,369

probably have to appeal to non

1262

00:56:34,060 --> 00:56:31,130

uniformitarian sedimentology microbial

1263

00:56:36,550 --> 00:56:34,070

binding of non horizontal surfaces bill

1264

00:56:40,150 --> 00:56:36,560

building nonlinearities and subsequent

1265

00:56:42,010 --> 00:56:40,160

depositional events etc I don't have an

1266

00:56:43,900 --> 00:56:42,020

answer for the crystal fans but Nora

1267

00:56:46,450 --> 00:56:43,910

crystal fans present knuckle ena or

1268

00:56:48,160 --> 00:56:46,460

mirasol cab duelist own so we haven't

1269

00:56:51,250 --> 00:56:48,170

directly constrained the deposition rate

1270

00:56:53,800 --> 00:56:51,260

of those the other parameters such as

1271

00:56:55,960 --> 00:56:53,810

hand or on Tim excuse me we're running

1272

00:56:58,090 --> 00:56:55,970

kind of long and so I was wondering can

1273

00:56:59,590 --> 00:56:58,100

you finish up and about within about

1274

00:57:02,710 --> 00:56:59,600

five to ten minutes so that we can have

1275

00:57:05,710 --> 00:57:02,720

time for questions question yep yep no

1276

00:57:07,900 --> 00:57:05,720

problem five minutes or so the carbon

1277

00:57:09,790 --> 00:57:07,910

boron and rhydian profile anomalies are

1278

00:57:13,090 --> 00:57:09,800

to some extent model dependent for

1279

00:57:15,850 --> 00:57:13,100

example the calcium isotope anomaly that

1280

00:57:18,520 --> 00:57:15,860

accompanied the boron anomaly could be

1281

00:57:20,320 --> 00:57:18,530

due to as interpreted the enhanced

1282

00:57:24,280 --> 00:57:20,330

silicate weathering or it could be a

1283

00:57:26,410 --> 00:57:24,290

result as slowed calcium burial as might

1284

00:57:29,140 --> 00:57:26,420

be expected in slow deposition rate cap

1285

00:57:32,170 --> 00:57:29,150

carbonates in terms of presumed glacier

1286

00:57:34,630 --> 00:57:32,180

usac transgressive infinity there really

1287

00:57:36,880 --> 00:57:34,640

is no easy way as i understand it for

1288

00:57:39,130 --> 00:57:36,890

general circulation models to prolong a

1289

00:57:42,720 --> 00:57:39,140

deglaciation for hundreds of thousands

1290

00:57:45,580 --> 00:57:42,730

of years we would seem to need to invoke

1291

00:57:48,160 --> 00:57:45,590

unexpected negative feedbacks like fog

1292

00:57:49,960 --> 00:57:48,170

bank cover or things like that to slow

1293

00:57:51,460 --> 00:57:49,970

down the greenhouse forcing in the

1294

00:57:55,450 --> 00:57:51,470

aftermath of the New Yorkers Oaks know

1295

00:57:57,700 --> 00:57:55,460

whether the final part of the story is

1296

00:57:59,530 --> 00:57:57,710

the knuckle ena cap carbonate paleo

1297

00:58:01,780 --> 00:57:59,540

latitude is considerably higher than

1298

00:58:04,210 --> 00:58:01,790

that of a latin information here they're

1299

00:58:06,700 --> 00:58:04,220

very late latitude was equatorial the

1300

00:58:09,340 --> 00:58:06,710

sandstone silks on latitude was somewhat

1301
00:58:10,840 --> 00:58:09,350
higher seven degrees but not Lena cap

1302
00:58:13,060 --> 00:58:10,850
carbonate latitude on an inclination

1303
00:58:15,550 --> 00:58:13,070
equal area diagram is closer to 20

1304
00:58:18,430 --> 00:58:15,560
degrees paleo latitude the pole position

1305
00:58:20,470 --> 00:58:18,440
in blue is superimposed on other poles

1306
00:58:23,290 --> 00:58:20,480
from Australia that show the final

1307
00:58:26,110 --> 00:58:23,300
mysterious possibly 9 uniformitarian

1308
00:58:29,500 --> 00:58:26,120
aspect of precambrian time dramatic

1309
00:58:33,190 --> 00:58:29,510
dispersion of seemingly robust paleo

1310
00:58:36,040 --> 00:58:33,200
magnetic poles in this case the oldest

1311
00:58:37,660 --> 00:58:36,050
of these Australian poles which are

1312
00:58:41,110 --> 00:58:37,670
listed here but aren't important for the

1313
00:58:43,530 --> 00:58:41,120

purposes of this talk is at the tail of

1314

00:58:45,990 --> 00:58:43,540

this arrow leading in

1315

00:58:49,290 --> 00:58:46,000

DD Akron time to bun rieu formation at

1316

00:58:51,720 --> 00:58:49,300

the tip of the arrow then it returns to

1317

00:58:55,650 --> 00:58:51,730

upper / de tatic information in still a

1318

00:58:58,770 --> 00:58:55,660

young ediacaran time over this tip to

1319

00:59:01,950 --> 00:58:58,780

tail the tip arrow returning to a

1320

00:59:04,140 --> 00:59:01,960

moderate relative position in this pulse

1321

00:59:05,580 --> 00:59:04,150

wife in early cambrian time and

1322

00:59:08,250 --> 00:59:05,590

continuing on to a dramatically

1323

00:59:10,440 --> 00:59:08,260

different late cambrian a parent puller

1324

00:59:12,030 --> 00:59:10,450

winder position this would seem to

1325

00:59:14,730 --> 00:59:12,040

indicate since the north pole is

1326

00:59:17,400 --> 00:59:14,740

presumed all we stay at the North

1327

00:59:20,460 --> 00:59:17,410

geomagnetic Pole that in fact Australia

1328

00:59:22,560 --> 00:59:20,470

is rotating by about 90 degrees back and

1329

00:59:25,590 --> 00:59:22,570

forth on a very quick millions of years

1330

00:59:27,780 --> 00:59:25,600

time scale Australia isn't the only

1331

00:59:29,490 --> 00:59:27,790

continent that shows this pattern the

1332

00:59:31,410 --> 00:59:29,500

best constrained global paleomagnetic

1333

00:59:33,540 --> 00:59:31,420

database for the Ediacaran period comes

1334

00:59:36,900 --> 00:59:33,550

from lorenza ancestral north america

1335

00:59:38,820 --> 00:59:36,910

we're all possibly putative ly primary

1336

00:59:42,300 --> 00:59:38,830

paleo magnetic poles are plotted in blue

1337

00:59:44,640 --> 00:59:42,310

here the most reliable and dark blue if

1338

00:59:46,440 --> 00:59:44,650

you sort these by age here's a scale

1339

00:59:48,900 --> 00:59:46,450

from purple to light purple blue to

1340

00:59:52,680 --> 00:59:48,910

green the oldest is here long range

1341

00:59:54,690 --> 00:59:52,690

dikes at 615 million years excursion to

1342

00:59:56,760 --> 00:59:54,700

pol col word apparent puller wander

1343

00:59:59,400 --> 00:59:56,770

locations coming back to equatorial

1344

01:00:01,680 --> 00:59:59,410

positions back to polar back to

1345

01:00:04,140 --> 01:00:01,690

equatorial and blue back to mid latitude

1346

01:00:06,210 --> 01:00:04,150

and back to equatorial laurentian this

1347

01:00:07,890 --> 01:00:06,220

case is moving from equator to the polo

1348

01:00:11,400 --> 01:00:07,900

player of the pole declare the pole and

1349

01:00:13,560 --> 01:00:11,410

back again as many as six times in a

1350

01:00:15,900 --> 01:00:13,570

standard pehli magnetic interpretation

1351

01:00:18,720 --> 01:00:15,910

the non-standard interpretation is that

1352

01:00:20,610 --> 01:00:18,730

this represents true polar wander if you

1353

01:00:22,470 --> 01:00:20,620

imagine bugs crawling on a surface of

1354

01:00:25,380 --> 01:00:22,480

beach ball the beach ball will start

1355

01:00:27,210 --> 01:00:25,390

rolling likewise mass anomalies imposed

1356

01:00:29,670 --> 01:00:27,220

on the surface of the planet or within

1357

01:00:33,300 --> 01:00:29,680

the interior will tend to change the

1358

01:00:34,980 --> 01:00:33,310

sting dynamics that planet for example

1359

01:00:36,660 --> 01:00:34,990

the greatest gravity anomaly in the

1360

01:00:39,420 --> 01:00:36,670

solar system the Tharsis volcanic

1361

01:00:41,940 --> 01:00:39,430

province on Mars is located precisely on

1362

01:00:45,120 --> 01:00:41,950

the Martian equator possibly as a result

1363

01:00:48,540 --> 01:00:45,130

of previous true pull or wander when we

1364

01:00:49,980 --> 01:00:48,550

go back to the glaciations which are

1365

01:00:53,100 --> 01:00:49,990

associated with these carbon isotope

1366

01:00:54,960 --> 01:00:53,110

records in the ee akron besides this 30

1367

01:00:56,000 --> 01:00:54,970

American and meringue or gas skiers

1368

01:00:58,160 --> 01:00:56,010

glaciation the

1369

01:01:00,830 --> 01:00:58,170

other dramatic carbon isotope event is

1370

01:01:04,160 --> 01:01:00,840

this bitter spring stage at about 800

1371

01:01:05,690 --> 01:01:04,170

million years the final recent exciting

1372

01:01:07,970 --> 01:01:05,700

study that's come out relating this

1373

01:01:10,850 --> 01:01:07,980

problem is that by Maloof and colleagues

1374

01:01:13,100 --> 01:01:10,860

at Princeton in which they went inside

1375

01:01:15,650 --> 01:01:13,110

carbonate platform successions of

1376

01:01:18,050 --> 01:01:15,660

Svalbard including sequence boundary

1377

01:01:21,080 --> 01:01:18,060

unconformities of unaccounted-for

1378

01:01:24,170 --> 01:01:21,090

adoration and they found the carbon

1379

01:01:25,970 --> 01:01:24,180

isotope signal here in black excursus

1380

01:01:28,790 --> 01:01:25,980

dramatically across the sequence

1381

01:01:31,790 --> 01:01:28,800

boundaries in concert with the paleo

1382

01:01:35,150 --> 01:01:31,800

magnetic signal in green note a

1383

01:01:38,510 --> 01:01:35,160

180-degree switch in flurry in magnetic

1384

01:01:41,090 --> 01:01:38,520

polarity would only move this to about

1385

01:01:43,040 --> 01:01:41,100

this location whereas the true

1386

01:01:45,950 --> 01:01:43,050

difference in pale emag declination is

1387

01:01:47,780 --> 01:01:45,960

something like 60 or 70 degrees so there

1388

01:01:49,820 --> 01:01:47,790

seems to be as dramatic change in

1389

01:01:53,300 --> 01:01:49,830

apparent plur wander coincident with

1390

01:01:56,780 --> 01:01:53,310

carbon isotope switching this is

1391

01:01:58,700 --> 01:01:56,790

suggested on this pole diagram and the

1392

01:02:00,530 --> 01:01:58,710

paleo magnetic result is very highly

1393

01:02:02,560 --> 01:02:00,540

robust since it's constrained by a sin

1394

01:02:05,060 --> 01:02:02,570

sedimentary full test remand ization

1395

01:02:08,360 --> 01:02:05,070

clusters more coherently when the fold

1396

01:02:11,210 --> 01:02:08,370

is unfolded versus when it's folded this

1397

01:02:16,300 --> 01:02:11,220

is a true 800 million year old remnant

1398

01:02:19,850 --> 01:02:16,310

direction it also indicates Haley

1399

01:02:22,070 --> 01:02:19,860

environmental things like moogles moving

1400

01:02:23,960 --> 01:02:22,080

Australia into and out of evaporate

1401

01:02:25,670 --> 01:02:23,970

belts which are consistent with the

1402

01:02:27,380 --> 01:02:25,680

geologic and stratigraphic record of

1403

01:02:29,450 --> 01:02:27,390

those basins hence the term bitter

1404

01:02:32,330 --> 01:02:29,460

springs stage for the bitter springs

1405

01:02:34,520 --> 01:02:32,340

evaporates and malloof at all model that

1406

01:02:36,890 --> 01:02:34,530

the difference carbon isotopes is due to

1407

01:02:39,260 --> 01:02:36,900

sea level fluctuations exposing and

1408

01:02:41,690 --> 01:02:39,270

introducing different reservoirs Organic

1409

01:02:43,880 --> 01:02:41,700

versus inorganic carbon if you modulate

1410

01:02:46,370 --> 01:02:43,890

the fraction of organic carbon burial

1411

01:02:48,380 --> 01:02:46,380

from about twenty to forty percent you

1412

01:02:50,690 --> 01:02:48,390

could easily produce the negative five

1413

01:02:52,850 --> 01:02:50,700

per mil shift and then positive five

1414

01:02:56,630 --> 01:02:52,860

return of the bitter springs isotope

1415

01:03:00,200 --> 01:02:56,640

stage here and here before and after the

1416

01:03:03,770 --> 01:03:00,210

two truecolor wander events so the final

1417

01:03:05,390 --> 01:03:03,780

thing that is worth saying is that's at

1418

01:03:08,060 --> 01:03:05,400

eight hundred million years but this

1419

01:03:09,230 --> 01:03:08,070

database suggesting the six times polar

1420

01:03:11,660 --> 01:03:09,240

wander switching of no

1421

01:03:14,390 --> 01:03:11,670

with America is entirely Ediacaran

1422

01:03:15,920 --> 01:03:14,400

synchronous with gas skiers glaciation

1423

01:03:19,430 --> 01:03:15,930

or spanning the same interval and

1424

01:03:21,620 --> 01:03:19,440

possibly mary nolan glaciation perhaps a

1425

01:03:23,600 --> 01:03:21,630

great many of these carbon isotope

1426

01:03:27,170 --> 01:03:23,610

anomalies just like bitter springs stage

1427

01:03:30,740 --> 01:03:27,180

are driven by true polar wander and this

1428

01:03:33,140 --> 01:03:30,750

is what drives glaciation by changing

1429

01:03:35,450 --> 01:03:33,150

global carbon cycling in the Neo purrs

1430

01:03:38,300 --> 01:03:35,460

oh just as oxy Atma version may have

1431

01:03:39,680 --> 01:03:38,310

driven it in the Paleozoic if these

1432

01:03:42,530 --> 01:03:39,690

problems are ever to be resolved we

1433

01:03:44,390 --> 01:03:42,540

needed new radiometric ages still more

1434

01:03:51,730 --> 01:03:44,400

integrated chemo stratigraphic data sets

1435

01:03:57,859 --> 01:03:55,550

and more paleo magnetic measurements to

1436

01:03:59,990 --> 01:03:57,869

tax whether true polar wander is truly

1437

01:04:02,359 --> 01:04:00,000

the the explanation for these strange

1438

01:04:04,640 --> 01:04:02,369

signals the final thing to note is that

1439

01:04:07,670 --> 01:04:04,650

the alternative to true polar wander is

1440

01:04:09,680 --> 01:04:07,680

non dipole geomagnetic fields which

1441

01:04:12,170 --> 01:04:09,690

would cast aspersion on everything

1442

01:04:15,109 --> 01:04:12,180

including the basic latitude of paleo

1443

01:04:17,180 --> 01:04:15,119

magnetic determinations from snowball

1444

01:04:19,400 --> 01:04:17,190

earth deposits to begin with so no

1445

01:04:21,349 --> 01:04:19,410

matter what we face astrobiologists in

1446

01:04:23,900 --> 01:04:21,359

the Precambrian are forced to reconcile

1447

01:04:26,300 --> 01:04:23,910

themselves with seemingly very non

1448

01:04:32,750 --> 01:04:26,310

uniformitarian processes and outcomes

1449

01:04:36,680 --> 01:04:32,760

thanks Tim thank you very much it was an

1450

01:04:38,870 --> 01:04:36,690

information loaded presentation I must

1451
01:04:40,760 --> 01:04:38,880
apologize we had some WebEx problems

1452
01:04:42,410 --> 01:04:40,770
along the way and there were at least a

1453
01:04:44,870 --> 01:04:42,420
couple of slides that we didn't think

1454
01:04:52,730 --> 01:04:44,880
clearly here I don't think that was

1455
01:05:00,039 --> 01:04:52,740
probably crossed through just like per

1456
01:05:15,559 --> 01:05:08,870
coming on our reputed thank you uh can

1457
01:05:19,880 --> 01:05:15,569
you all hear me now what's their status

1458
01:05:21,829 --> 01:05:19,890
murmur I can hear you okay uh we can

1459
01:05:23,660 --> 01:05:21,839
hear you okay I think we may have had

1460
01:05:27,710 --> 01:05:23,670
the the feedback on our end but we've

1461
01:05:29,480 --> 01:05:27,720
got it fixed uh I was going to ask one

1462
01:05:35,420 --> 01:05:29,490
quick question but let me see if anybody

1463
01:05:38,539 --> 01:05:35,430

has raised their hands on No okay first

1464

01:05:40,670 --> 01:05:38,549

of all we invite you to ask some

1465

01:05:44,809 --> 01:05:40,680

questions I will start off by asking

1466

01:05:46,730 --> 01:05:44,819

just one question about one detail early

1467

01:05:51,049 --> 01:05:46,740

in your talk that I didn't quite follow

1468

01:05:54,799 --> 01:05:51,059

you pointed to an Iridium anomaly that

1469

01:05:58,280 --> 01:05:54,809

was due you said to extraterrestrial

1470

01:06:00,230 --> 01:05:58,290

dust info wasn't quite clear why that

1471

01:06:03,829 --> 01:06:00,240

showed up as a spike if this is

1472

01:06:05,839 --> 01:06:03,839

continuous extraterrestrial dust entry

1473

01:06:11,059 --> 01:06:05,849

into the atmosphere could you explain

1474

01:06:13,010 --> 01:06:11,069

that particular point the idea about the

1475

01:06:16,069 --> 01:06:13,020

idea of bonus Alice at all is it would

1476

01:06:19,069 --> 01:06:16,079

show up as a spike only in something

1477

01:06:21,680 --> 01:06:19,079

approximating a hard snow ball state we

1478

01:06:23,690 --> 01:06:21,690

are segregating the interplanetary dust

1479

01:06:26,660 --> 01:06:23,700

reservoir which is accumulating on top

1480

01:06:29,599 --> 01:06:26,670

of the ice or on elevated Highlands from

1481

01:06:31,940 --> 01:06:29,609

the basins in which the sediment is d

1482

01:06:33,740 --> 01:06:31,950

glacially preserved so in other words if

1483

01:06:36,380 --> 01:06:33,750

there's a soft snow ball you wouldn't

1484

01:06:39,049 --> 01:06:36,390

see a spike continuous IDP flux would

1485

01:06:40,400 --> 01:06:39,059

just continuously be preserved on the

1486

01:06:42,500 --> 01:06:40,410

other hand in a hard snow while you

1487

01:06:44,240 --> 01:06:42,510

build it up and the concentration would

1488

01:06:49,500 --> 01:06:44,250

be related to the amount of time which

1489

01:06:49,510 --> 01:06:57,540

God God you thank you very much

1490

01:07:08,020 --> 01:06:59,910

we encourage you to raise your hand on

1491

01:07:16,580 --> 01:07:12,850

can we just go around take it aims no

1492

01:07:26,030 --> 01:07:19,700

are there any any further questions for

1493

01:07:31,190 --> 01:07:29,300

if that thanks for listening well Jim

1494

01:07:44,020 --> 01:07:31,200

thank you very much we appreciate that

1495

01:07:50,690 --> 01:07:47,510

the high values from Indiana I had

1496

01:07:52,190 --> 01:07:50,700

actually two questions first was I

1497

01:07:55,400 --> 01:07:52,200

didn't quite understand what was the

1498

01:07:59,410 --> 01:07:55,410

effect of polar wound around the carbon

1499

01:08:04,070 --> 01:07:59,420

isotopes in the sediments so that's one

1500

01:08:07,360 --> 01:08:04,080

and another one is you said that the

1501

01:08:10,910 --> 01:08:07,370

switching of the orientation of the

1502

01:08:13,820 --> 01:08:10,920

poles from north to south and south soft

1503

01:08:17,570 --> 01:08:13,830

North takes about two thousand years to

1504

01:08:20,030 --> 01:08:17,580

210 from one to about 10,000 years the

1505

01:08:23,780 --> 01:08:20,040

switching period so how that period

1506

01:08:26,780 --> 01:08:23,790

affect the the biota living on the

1507

01:08:29,960 --> 01:08:26,790

surface is it any effect on the UV

1508

01:08:33,530 --> 01:08:29,970

radiation affecting the life on the

1509

01:08:38,110 --> 01:08:33,540

surface to more extent during that

1510

01:08:40,670 --> 01:08:38,120

switching period thank you the answer is

1511

01:08:43,550 --> 01:08:40,680

we answer the second question is is

1512

01:08:46,340 --> 01:08:43,560

quickly dealt with and I'll be brief on

1513

01:08:47,930 --> 01:08:46,350

the first two yes during a switch from

1514

01:08:50,300 --> 01:08:47,940

one clearly state to the other the

1515

01:08:52,970 --> 01:08:50,310

geomagnetic field strength does go down

1516

01:08:54,740 --> 01:08:52,980

in all observed phanerozoic records

1517

01:08:57,200 --> 01:08:54,750

presumably that allows greater

1518

01:08:59,480 --> 01:08:57,210

penetration of ultraviolet light being

1519

01:09:01,309 --> 01:08:59,490

the more mutations and so forth but

1520

01:09:03,500 --> 01:09:01,319

whether that has any cumulative effect

1521

01:09:05,750 --> 01:09:03,510

on by Otis is really uncertain and

1522

01:09:08,780 --> 01:09:05,760

certainly at this stage most of the

1523

01:09:11,150 --> 01:09:08,790

biota are marine microorganisms in which

1524

01:09:13,880 --> 01:09:11,160

case the penetration of ultraviolet

1525

01:09:15,920 --> 01:09:13,890

light into seawater is somewhat

1526

01:09:19,130 --> 01:09:15,930

different than say a land-based organism

1527

01:09:22,039 --> 01:09:19,140

would be in terms of true polar

1528

01:09:24,620 --> 01:09:22,049

wandering carbon isotopes because earth

1529

01:09:27,110 --> 01:09:24,630

is not perfectly solid its viscous

1530

01:09:30,320 --> 01:09:27,120

inside as it spins there's a spin bulge

1531

01:09:33,260 --> 01:09:30,330

and because angular momentum must always

1532

01:09:36,230 --> 01:09:33,270

be conserved during true polar wander

1533

01:09:38,990 --> 01:09:36,240

which is basically slip of the whole

1534

01:09:41,120 --> 01:09:39,000

solid earth the mantle and crust on

1535

01:09:43,670 --> 01:09:41,130

top of the core-mantle boundary so it's

1536

01:09:46,340 --> 01:09:43,680

slip on that core-mantle boundary the

1537

01:09:48,289 --> 01:09:46,350

earth is still spinning in the same way

1538

01:09:50,720 --> 01:09:48,299

it was before troop Allah wander ever

1539

01:09:52,450 --> 01:09:50,730

happened what that means is the spin

1540

01:09:55,190 --> 01:09:52,460

bulbs that used to be on the equator

1541

01:09:59,660 --> 01:09:55,200

slips on the core-mantle boundary and

1542

01:10:03,200 --> 01:09:59,670

tends to itinerant ly no longer be

1543

01:10:06,050 --> 01:10:03,210

equatorial so the mantle flows and

1544

01:10:09,770 --> 01:10:06,060

relaxes to create the spin bold once

1545

01:10:12,470 --> 01:10:09,780

more equatorial because water is so much

1546

01:10:14,630 --> 01:10:12,480

less viscous than mantle material the

1547

01:10:17,270 --> 01:10:14,640

oceans can adjust to the spin bulge

1548

01:10:20,000 --> 01:10:17,280

moving itinerant ly much quicker than

1549

01:10:22,190 --> 01:10:20,010

the mantle can hence during tupelo

1550

01:10:24,770 --> 01:10:22,200

wander you see regression in two

1551

01:10:28,280 --> 01:10:24,780

quadrants of the earth two opposite

1552

01:10:30,260 --> 01:10:28,290

projects here and here and you see

1553

01:10:32,510 --> 01:10:30,270

transgression and the other two

1554

01:10:36,950 --> 01:10:32,520

quadrants city or those that the spin

1555

01:10:42,200 --> 01:10:36,960

bulge is moving away from so spin bold

1556

01:10:44,230 --> 01:10:42,210

moves toward it quadrant you get sea

1557

01:10:47,330 --> 01:10:44,240

level drop away from its sea level rise

1558

01:10:50,330 --> 01:10:47,340

the adidas seal the drop and rise of 100

1559

01:10:52,610 --> 01:10:50,340

meter scale will tend to destabilize

1560

01:10:55,910 --> 01:10:52,620

methane clathrates that are on the shelf

1561

01:10:58,670 --> 01:10:55,920

it'll expose previously buried organic

1562

01:11:00,740 --> 01:10:58,680

carbon to remineralization it might

1563

01:11:02,750 --> 01:11:00,750

change the riverine and atmospheric

1564

01:11:06,080 --> 01:11:02,760

circulation or rain patterns so you're

1565

01:11:08,030 --> 01:11:06,090

bringing nutrients to different ocean

1566

01:11:10,520 --> 01:11:08,040

basins and you're changing carbon burial

1567

01:11:13,000 --> 01:11:10,530

systematics it could modulate a whole

1568

01:11:17,270 --> 01:11:13,010

variety of carbon cycle systematics and

1569

01:11:19,340 --> 01:11:17,280

so malooof at all simply note that the

1570

01:11:21,770 --> 01:11:19,350

magnitude of change it would take would

1571

01:11:24,110 --> 01:11:21,780

be twenty percent change in fraction of

1572

01:11:27,230 --> 01:11:24,120

organic carbon burial they don't say

1573

01:11:28,640 --> 01:11:27,240

precisely where that enhanced carbon

1574

01:11:35,920 --> 01:11:28,650

burial would be but it's presumably

1575

01:11:42,660 --> 01:11:38,570

thank you

1576

01:11:42,670 --> 01:11:53,220

we have a question of Goddard

1577

01:11:53,230 --> 01:11:58,620

goddard would you go ahead please

1578

01:12:04,729 --> 01:12:00,950

there's no

1579

01:12:07,490 --> 01:12:04,739

I can hear you now okay this is my

1580

01:12:09,860 --> 01:12:07,500

goomah would you tell us a little more

1581

01:12:15,110 --> 01:12:09,870

about why you think that a polarity

1582

01:12:18,860 --> 01:12:15,120

reversal could influence biota on earth

1583

01:12:21,500 --> 01:12:18,870

I realized that lack of magnetic field

1584

01:12:24,470 --> 01:12:21,510

permits the solar wind to penetrate into

1585

01:12:26,420 --> 01:12:24,480

the upper atmosphere but it's not clear

1586

01:12:29,870 --> 01:12:26,430

to me why that would causally affect

1587

01:12:33,620 --> 01:12:29,880

life at the surface of the earth or

1588

01:12:35,959 --> 01:12:33,630

below in a particular in order to change

1589

01:12:38,390 --> 01:12:35,969

the UV flux at the surface of the earth

1590

01:12:41,150 --> 01:12:38,400

you have to change the ozone column

1591

01:12:43,640 --> 01:12:41,160

density in the stratosphere so perhaps

1592

01:12:46,370 --> 01:12:43,650

you could clarify how that changes as a

1593

01:12:52,340 --> 01:12:46,380

result of the production and hang on the

1594

01:12:54,650 --> 01:12:52,350

field strength well I've slightly

1595

01:12:56,510 --> 01:12:54,660

miscommunicate I quite agree with you I

1596

01:12:58,250 --> 01:12:56,520

don't expect geomagnetic field

1597

01:13:01,340 --> 01:12:58,260

transitions to have any measurable

1598

01:13:04,910 --> 01:13:01,350

effect on biota if they did it would

1599

01:13:06,440 --> 01:13:04,920

presumably be a response to decrease to

1600

01:13:08,990 --> 01:13:06,450

your magnetic intensity and you would be

1601
01:13:11,120 --> 01:13:09,000
limited to modeling precisely the

1602
01:13:14,060 --> 01:13:11,130
processes you just you just see numerate

1603
01:13:17,270 --> 01:13:14,070
but in any sort of sense where that

1604
01:13:20,240 --> 01:13:17,280
leaves the record I most be most geomag

1605
01:13:23,360 --> 01:13:20,250
diskin Syria quite unlikely yeah

1606
01:13:27,080 --> 01:13:23,370
actually that's what I was hoping you

1607
01:13:29,090 --> 01:13:27,090
would say it turns out that I've been

1608
01:13:32,390 --> 01:13:29,100
sitting here thinking about the physics

1609
01:13:34,370 --> 01:13:32,400
and one of the things that might happen

1610
01:13:36,229 --> 01:13:34,380
as a result of the reduction of field

1611
01:13:39,500 --> 01:13:36,239
intensity is the solar wind then does

1612
01:13:41,870 --> 01:13:39,510
strike the upper atmosphere and what

1613
01:13:45,380 --> 01:13:41,880

that does is it creates a much more

1614

01:13:48,500 --> 01:13:45,390

intense x-ray flux this is actually

1615

01:13:50,770 --> 01:13:48,510

observed at Mars for example the x-rays

1616

01:13:53,030 --> 01:13:50,780

have the property that they can

1617

01:13:55,700 --> 01:13:53,040

penetrate about 10 grams per square

1618

01:13:58,670 --> 01:13:55,710

centimeter material until they interact

1619

01:14:02,030 --> 01:13:58,680

and produce a ten killable photoelectron

1620

01:14:05,090 --> 01:14:02,040

that happens to occur at earth

1621

01:14:07,729 --> 01:14:05,100

stratospheric level and that's just

1622

01:14:09,860 --> 01:14:07,739

where the ozone layer resides and so it

1623

01:14:11,959 --> 01:14:09,870

seems to me that there is what looking

1624

01:14:13,600 --> 01:14:11,969

at the prospect of whether in fact this

1625

01:14:16,340 --> 01:14:13,610

changed

1626

01:14:19,910 --> 01:14:16,350

infusion of energetic electrons could in

1627

01:14:24,730 --> 01:14:19,920

fact affect the ozone column density and

1628

01:14:30,640 --> 01:14:24,740

thereby you can i or of the earth or

1629

01:14:35,510 --> 01:14:33,320

molecules that react in the ozone

1630

01:14:37,550 --> 01:14:35,520

reaction series but but I agree what you

1631

01:14:40,100 --> 01:14:37,560

said is is a is the sort of mechanism

1632

01:14:42,260 --> 01:14:40,110

you would have to pursue if you wanted

1633

01:14:45,370 --> 01:14:42,270

to construct that sort of thing but I

1634

01:14:48,080 --> 01:14:45,380

don't think it's very relevant to

1635

01:14:50,390 --> 01:14:48,090

neoproterozoic or paleozoic biota

1636

01:14:52,490 --> 01:14:50,400

although in a general sense it's a

1637

01:14:54,860 --> 01:14:52,500

question that people always ask when you

1638

01:14:55,970 --> 01:14:54,870

talk about geomagnetic reversals I don't

1639

01:14:59,200 --> 01:14:55,980

think anybody's thought about this

1640

01:15:03,140 --> 01:14:59,210

particular mechanism well thanks a lot

1641

01:15:11,339 --> 01:15:03,150

interesting thanks I'll I might email

1642

01:15:20,799 --> 01:15:13,839

okay it sounds like there are no further

1643

01:15:23,439 --> 01:15:20,809

questions going once going twice well in

1644

01:15:26,020 --> 01:15:23,449

that case Tim thank you for a very

1645

01:15:29,919 --> 01:15:26,030

information rich and interesting seminar

1646

01:15:33,209 --> 01:15:29,929

and we will see you all in about a month